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#
# Apache/PHP settings
#

# Protect files and directories from prying eyes.
<FilesMatch "(\\. (engine|incl|info|install|module|profile|pool|shl|.*sql|theme|tpl(\\.php)?
|tmpl)|code-style\\.pl|Entries\\. *|Repository|Root|Tag|Template)$">
    Order allow,deny
</FilesMatch>

# Don't show directory listings for URLs which map to a directory.
Options -Indexes

# Follow symbolic links in this directory.
Options +FollowSymLinks

# Customized error messages.
ErrorDocument 404 /index.php

# Set the default handler.
DirectoryIndex index.php

# Override PHP settings.

# PHP 4, Apache 1.
<IfModule mod_php4.c>
    php_value magic_quotes_gpc            0
    php_value register_globals            0
    php_value session.auto_start        0
    php_value mbstring.http_input        pass
    php_value mbstring.http_output        pass
    php_value mbstring.encoding_translation 0
</IfModule>

# PHP 4, Apache 2.
<IfModule sapi_apache2.c>
    php_value magic_quotes_gpc            0
    php_value register_globals            0
    php_value session.auto_start        0
    php_value mbstring.http_input        pass
    php_value mbstring.http_output        pass

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php_value mbstring.http_output      pass
php_value mbstring.encoding_translation 0
</IfModule>
```

PHP 5, Apache 1 and 2.

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<IfModule mod_php5.c>
php_value magic_quotes_gpc          0
php_value register_globals          0
php_value session.auto_start        0
php_value mbstring.http_input       pass
php_value mbstring.http_output      pass
php_value mbstring.encoding_translation 0
</IfModule>
```

Requires mod_expires to be enabled.

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
# Enable expirations.
ExpiresActive On
# Cache all files for 2 weeks after access (A).
ExpiresDefault A1209600
# Do not cache dynamically generated pages.
ExpiresByType text/html A1
</IfModule>
```

Various rewrite rules.

```
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
RewriteEngine on

# If your site can be accessed both with and without the 'www.' prefix, you
# can use one of the following settings to redirect users to your preferred
# URL, either WITH or WITHOUT the 'www.' prefix. Choose ONLY one option:
#
# To redirect all users to access the site WITH the 'www.' prefix,
# (http://example.com/... will be redirected to http://www.example.com/...)
# adapt and uncomment the following:
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^example\.com$ [NC]
# RewriteRule ^(.*)$ http://www.example.com/$1 [L,R=301]
#
# To redirect all users to access the site WITHOUT the 'www.' prefix,
# (http://www.example.com/... will be redirected to http://example.com/...)
# adapt and uncomment the following:
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.example\.com$ [NC]
# RewriteRule ^(.*)$ http://example.com/$1 [L,R=301]
```

```
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.example\.com$ [NC]
# RewriteRule ^(.*)$ http://example.com/$1 [L,R=301]
```

```
# Modify the RewriteBase if you are using Drupal in a subdirectory and
# the rewrite rules are not working properly.
#RewriteBase /drupal
```

```
# Rewrite old-style URLs of the form 'node.php?id=x'.
#RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
#RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d
#RewriteCond %{QUERY_STRING} ^id=([^&]+)$
#RewriteRule node.php index.php?q=node/view/%1 [L]
```

```
# Rewrite old-style URLs of the form 'module.php?mod=x'.
#RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
#RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d
#RewriteCond %{QUERY_STRING} ^mod=([^&]+)$
#RewriteRule module.php index.php?q=%1 [L]
```

```
# Rewrite current-style URLs of the form 'index.php?q=x'.
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d
RewriteRule ^(.*)$ index.php?q=$1 [L,QSA]
```

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</IfModule>
```