

```

#
# Apache/PHP/Drupal settings:
#

# Protect files and directories from prying eyes.
<FilesMatch "\.(engine|incl|install|make|module|profile|po|shl|. *sql|themel|twig|tpl(\.php)?
|xtmpl|yml)(\.(sw[op]|\.bak|\.orig|\.save))?"
$! ^(\. *|Entries.*|Repository|Root|Tag|Template)$! ^#. *#$! \.php(\.(sw[op]|\.bak|\.orig|\.sa
  <IfModule mod_authz_core.c>
    Require all denied
  </IfModule>
  <IfModule !mod_authz_core.c>
    Order allow,deny
  </IfModule>
</FilesMatch>

# Don't show directory listings for URLs which map to a directory.
Options -Indexes

# Follow symbolic links in this directory.
Options +FollowSymLinks

# Set the default handler.
DirectoryIndex index.html index.php index.htm

# Add correct encoding for SVGZ.
AddType image/svg+xml svg svgz
AddEncoding gzip svgz

# Most of the following PHP settings cannot be changed at runtime. See
# sites/default/default.settings.php and
# Drupal\Core\DrupalKernel::bootEnvironment() for settings that can be
# changed at runtime.

# PHP 5, Apache 1 and 2.
<IfModule mod_php5.c>
  php_value assert.active 0
  php_flag session.auto_start off
  php_value mbstring.http_input pass
  php_value mbstring.http_output pass
  php_flag session.serialize_translator off

```

```
php_flag modstring.encoding_translation    off
# PHP 5.6 has deprecated $HTTP_RAW_POST_DATA and produces warnings if this is
# not set.
php_value always_populate_raw_post_data  -1
</IfModule>

# Requires mod_expires to be enabled.
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
  # Enable expirations.
  ExpiresActive On

  # Cache all files for 2 weeks after access (A).
  ExpiresDefault A1209600

  <FilesMatch \.php$>
    # Do not allow PHP scripts to be cached unless they explicitly send cache
    # headers themselves. Otherwise all scripts would have to overwrite the
    # headers set by mod_expires if they want another caching behavior. This may
    # fail if an error occurs early in the bootstrap process, and it may cause
    # problems if a non-Drupal PHP file is installed in a subdirectory.
    ExpiresActive Off
  </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>

# Set a fallback resource if mod_rewrite is not enabled. This allows Drupal to
# work without clean URLs. This requires Apache version >= 2.2.16. If Drupal is
# not accessed by the top level URL (i. e.: http://example.com/drupal/ instead of
# http://example.com/), the path to index.php will need to be adjusted.
<IfModule !mod_rewrite.c>
  FallbackResource /index.php
</IfModule>

# Various rewrite rules.
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
  RewriteEngine on

  # Set "protoss1" to "s" if we were accessed via https://. This is used later
  # if you enable "www." stripping or enforcement, in order to ensure that
  # you don't bounce between http and https.
  RewriteRule ^ - [E=protoss1]
  RewriteCond %{HTTPS} on
  RewriteRule ^ https://%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,permanent]
```

```

RewriteRule "" - [E=protocol:s]

# Make sure Authorization HTTP header is available to PHP
# even when running as CGI or FastCGI.
RewriteRule ^ - [E=HTTP_AUTHORIZATION:%{HTTP:Authorization}]

# Canonical hostname rewrite.
RewriteCond %{ENV:PLATFORM} ^production$
RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^celebr8d8\.drupal\.org\.au [NC]
RewriteRule ^.*$ https://celebr8d8.drupal.org.au%{REQUEST_URI} [R=permanent,L]

# Enforce SSL.
<IfModule mod_ssl.c>
    RewriteCond %{ENV:PLATFORM} ^production$
    RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
    RewriteRule ^.*$ https://%{SERVER_NAME}%{REQUEST_URI} [R=permanent,L]
</IfModule>

# Block access to "hidden" directories whose names begin with a period. This
# includes directories used by version control systems such as Subversion or
# Git to store control files. Files whose names begin with a period, as well
# as the control files used by CVS, are protected by the FilesMatch directive
# above.
#
# NOTE: This only works when mod_rewrite is loaded. Without mod_rewrite, it is
# not possible to block access to entire directories from .htaccess because
# <DirectoryMatch> is not allowed here.
#
# If you do not have mod_rewrite installed, you should remove these
# directories from your webroot or otherwise protect them from being
# downloaded.
RewriteRule "(^/)\." - [F]

# If your site can be accessed both with and without the 'www.' prefix, you
# can use one of the following settings to redirect users to your preferred
# URL, either WITH or WITHOUT the 'www.' prefix. Choose ONLY one option:
#
# To redirect all users to access the site WITH the 'www.' prefix,
# (http://example.com/foo will be redirected to http://www.example.com/foo)
# uncomment the following:
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} .

```

```
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\. [NC]
# RewriteRule ^ http%{ENV:protoss}://www.%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [L,R=301]
#
# To redirect all users to access the site WITHOUT the 'www.' prefix,
# (http://www.example.com/foo will be redirected to http://example.com/foo)
# uncomment the following:
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.(.+$) [NC]
# RewriteRule ^ http%{ENV:protoss}://%1%{REQUEST_URI} [L,R=301]

# Modify the RewriteBase if you are using Drupal in a subdirectory or in a
# VirtualDocumentRoot and the rewrite rules are not working properly.
# For example if your site is at http://example.com/drupal uncomment and
# modify the following line:
# RewriteBase /drupal
#
# If your site is running in a VirtualDocumentRoot at http://example.com/,
# uncomment the following line:
# RewriteBase /

# Couple of redirects.
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/adelaide
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/Adelaide-Drupal/events/226645659/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/auckland
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/drupalnz/events/226664399/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/brisbane
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/Drupal-Brisbane/events/226692660/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/canberra
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/DrupalACT/events/226695245/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/darwin
RewriteRule ^ https://groups.drupal.org/node/490278 [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/goldcoast
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/drupalgoldcoast/events/226672396/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/hobart
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/Hobart-Drupal-Users-Group/events/226643860/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/melbourne
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/drupalmelbourne/events/226643822/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/perth
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/drupalwa/events/226642744/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/sydney
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/drupalsydney/events/226089455/ [L,R=301]
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} =/wellington
```

```
RewriteRule ^ http://www.meetup.com/Wellington-Drupal-Meetup/events/226716637/ [L,R=301]
```

```
# Redirect common PHP files to their new locations.
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} ^(.*)?/(install.php) [OR]
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} ^(.*)?/(rebuild.php)
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} !core
```

```
RewriteRule ^ %1/core/%2 [L,QSA,R=301]
```

```
# Rewrite install.php during installation to see if mod_rewrite is working
```

```
RewriteRule ^core/install.php core/install.php?rewrite=ok [QSA,L]
```

```
# Pass all requests not referring directly to files in the filesystem to  
# index.php.
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} !=/favicon.ico
```

```
RewriteRule ^ index.php [L]
```

```
# For security reasons, deny access to other PHP files on public sites.
```

```
# Note: The following URI conditions are not anchored at the start (^),
```

```
# because Drupal may be located in a subdirectory. To further improve
```

```
# security, you can replace '!/' with '!^/'.
```

```
# Allow access to PHP files in /core (like authorize.php or install.php):
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} !/core/[!^/]*\.php$
```

```
# Allow access to test-specific PHP files:
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} !/core/modules/system/tests/https?.php
```

```
# Allow access to Statistics module's custom front controller.
```

```
# Copy and adapt this rule to directly execute PHP files in contributed or
```

```
# custom modules or to run another PHP application in the same directory.
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} !/core/modules/statistics/statistics.php$
```

```
# Deny access to any other PHP files that do not match the rules above.
```

```
# Specifically, disallow autoload.php from being served directly.
```

```
RewriteRule "^(.+/.*!autoload)\.php($! /)" - [F]
```

```
# Rules to correctly serve gzip compressed CSS and JS files.
```

```
# Requires both mod_rewrite and mod_headers to be enabled.
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
```

```
# Serve gzip compressed CSS files if they exist and the client accepts gzip.
```

```
RewriteCond %{HTTP:Accept-encoding} gzip
```

```
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME}\.gz -s
```

```
RewriteRule ^(.*)\.css $1\.css\.gz [QSA]
```

```
# Serve gzip compressed JS files if they exist and the client accepts gzip.
RewriteCond %{HTTP:Accept-encoding} gzip
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME}\.gz -s
RewriteRule ^(.*)\.js$ $1\.js\.gz [QSA]

# Serve correct content types, and prevent mod_deflate double gzip.
RewriteRule \.css\.gz$ - [T=text/css,E=no-gzip:1]
RewriteRule \.js\.gz$ - [T=text/javascript,E=no-gzip:1]

<FilesMatch "(\.js\.gz|\.css\.gz)$">
  # Serve correct encoding type.
  Header set Content-Encoding gzip
  # Force proxies to cache gzipped & non-gzipped css/js files separately.
  Header append Vary Accept-Encoding
</FilesMatch>
</IfModule>
</IfModule>

# Add headers to all responses.
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
  # Disable content sniffing, since it's an attack vector.
  Header always set X-Content-Type-Options nosniff
</IfModule>
```