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#
# Apache/PHP/Drupal settings:
#

# Protect files and directories from prying eyes.
<FilesMatch "\.(engine|incl|info|install|make|module|profile|test|po|sh|. *sql|theme|tpl(\.php
|\.xhtml)|(\. *|\.sw[op]|\.bak|\.orig|\.save)?"
$|^(\. *| *Entries| *Repository| *Root| *Tag| *Template)$|^#. *#|\.php(\. *|\.sw[op]|\.bak|\.orig|\.save
    Order allow,deny
</FilesMatch>

# Don't show directory listings for URLs which map to a directory.
Options -Indexes

# Follow symbolic links in this directory.
Options +FollowSymLinks

# Make Drupal handle any 404 errors.
ErrorDocument 404 /index.php

# Force simple error message for requests for non-existent favicon.ico.
<Files favicon.ico>
    # There is no end quote below, for compatibility with Apache 1.3.
    ErrorDocument 404 "The requested file favicon.ico was not found.
</Files>

# Set the default handler.
DirectoryIndex index.php index.html index.htm

# Override PHP settings that cannot be changed at runtime. See
# sites/default/default.settings.php and drupal_environment_initialize() in
# includes/bootstrap.inc for settings that can be changed at runtime.

# PHP 5, Apache 1 and 2.
<IfModule mod_php5.c>
    php_flag magic_quotes_gpc          off
    php_flag magic_quotes_sybase      off
    php_flag register_globals         off
    php_flag session.auto_start      off
    php_value mbstring.http_input     pass
    php_value mbstring.http_output   ----

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php_value mbstring.http_output      pass
php_flag  mbstring.encoding_translation  off
</IfModule>
```

*# Requires mod\_expires to be enabled.*

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
```

*# Enable expirations.*

```
ExpiresActive On
```

*# Cache all files for 2 weeks after access (A).*

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ExpiresDefault A1209600
```

```
<FilesMatch \.php$>
```

*# Do not allow PHP scripts to be cached unless they explicitly send cache  
# headers themselves. Otherwise all scripts would have to overwrite the  
# headers set by mod\_expires if they want another caching behavior. This may  
# fail if an error occurs early in the bootstrap process, and it may cause  
# problems if a non-Drupal PHP file is installed in a subdirectory.*

```
ExpiresActive Off
```

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</FilesMatch>
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</IfModule>
```

*# Various rewrite rules.*

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<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
```

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RewriteEngine on
```

*# Set "protoss1" to "s" if we were accessed via https://. This is used later  
# if you enable "www." stripping or enforcement, in order to ensure that  
# you don't bounce between http and https.*

```
RewriteRule ^ - [E=protoss1]
```

```
RewriteCond %{HTTPS} on
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```
RewriteRule ^ - [E=protoss1:s]
```

*# Block access to "hidden" directories whose names begin with a period. This  
# includes directories used by version control systems such as Subversion or  
# Git to store control files. Files whose names begin with a period, as well  
# as the control files used by CVS, are protected by the FilesMatch directive  
# above.*

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*# NOTE: This only works when mod\_rewrite is loaded. Without mod\_rewrite, it is  
# not possible to block access to entire directories from .htaccess, because*

*the .htaccess file is not read for directories.*

```
# <DirectoryMatch> is not allowed here.
#
# If you do not have mod_rewrite installed, you should remove these
# directories from your webroot or otherwise protect them from being
# downloaded.
RewriteRule "(^/)\." - [F]

# If your site can be accessed both with and without the 'www.' prefix, you
# can use one of the following settings to redirect users to your preferred
# URL, either WITH or WITHOUT the 'www.' prefix. Choose ONLY one option:
#
# To redirect all users to access the site WITH the 'www.' prefix,
# (http://example.com/... will be redirected to http://www.example.com/...)
# uncomment the following:
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} .
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\. [NC]
# RewriteRule ^ http%{ENV: protoss1}: //www. %{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [L,R=301]
#
# To redirect all users to access the site WITHOUT the 'www.' prefix,
# (http://www.example.com/... will be redirected to http://example.com/...)
# uncomment the following:
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\. (. +)$ [NC]
# RewriteRule ^ http%{ENV: protoss1}: //%1 %{REQUEST_URI} [L,R=301]

# Modify the RewriteBase if you are using Drupal in a subdirectory or in a
# VirtualDocumentRoot and the rewrite rules are not working properly.
# For example if your site is at http://example.com/drupal uncomment and
# modify the following line:
# RewriteBase /drupal
#
# If your site is running in a VirtualDocumentRoot at http://example.com/,
# uncomment the following line:
# RewriteBase /

# Pass all requests not referring directly to files in the filesystem to
# index.php. Clean URLs are handled in drupal_environment_initialize().
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} !=/favicon.ico
RewriteRule ^ index.php [L]
```

```
# Rules to correctly serve gzip compressed CSS and JS files.
# Requires both mod_rewrite and mod_headers to be enabled.
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    # Serve gzip compressed CSS files if they exist and the client accepts gzip.
    RewriteCond %{HTTP:Accept-encoding} gzip
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME}\.gz -s
    RewriteRule ^(\.*)\.css$ $1\.css\.gz [QSA]

    # Serve gzip compressed JS files if they exist and the client accepts gzip.
    RewriteCond %{HTTP:Accept-encoding} gzip
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME}\.gz -s
    RewriteRule ^(\.*)\.js$ $1\.js\.gz [QSA]

    # Serve correct content types, and prevent mod_deflate double gzip.
    RewriteRule \.css\.gz$ - [T=text/css,E=no-gzip:1]
    RewriteRule \.js\.gz$ - [T=text/javascript,E=no-gzip:1]

    <FilesMatch "(\.js\.gz|\.css\.gz)$">
        # Serve correct encoding type.
        Header set Content-Encoding gzip
        # Force proxies to cache gzipped & non-gzipped css/js files separately.
        Header append Vary Accept-Encoding
    </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>
</IfModule>
```