

```

# Apache Server Configs v2.0.0 | MIT License
# https://github.com/h5bp/server-configs-apache

# (!) Using `.htaccess` files slows down Apache, therefore, if you have access
# to the main server config file (usually called `httpd.conf`), you should add
# this logic there: http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html.

# #####
# # CROSS-ORIGIN RESOURCE SHARING (CORS)                                     #
# #####

# -----
# | Cross-domain AJAX requests                                             |
# -----

# Enable cross-origin AJAX requests.
# http://code.google.com/p/html5security/wiki/CrossOriginRequestSecurity
# http://enable-cors.org/

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#     Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | CORS-enabled images                                                  |
# -----

# Send the CORS header for images when browsers request it.
# https://developer.mozilla.org/en/CORS_Enabled_Image
# http://blog.chromium.org/2011/07/using-cross-domain-images-in-webgl-and.html
# http://hacks.mozilla.org/2011/11/using-cors-to-load-webgl-textures-from-cross-domain-images/

<IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
    <IfModule mod_headers.c>
        <FilesMatch "\.(curl|gif|ico|jpe?g|png|svgz?|webp)$">
            SetEnvIf Origin ":" IS_CORS
            Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*" env=IS_CORS
        </FilesMatch>
    </IfModule>
</IfModule>

```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# ! Web fonts access /  
# -----
```

```
# Allow access from all domains for web fonts
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
```

```
  <FilesMatch "\.(eot|otf|ttc|ttf|woff)$">
```

```
    Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
```

```
  </FilesMatch>
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# #####  
# ! ERRORS #  
# #####
```

```
# -----  
# ! 404 error prevention for non-existing redirected folders /  
# -----
```

```
# Prevent Apache from returning a 404 error for a rewrite if a directory  
# with the same name does not exist.  
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/content-negotiation.html#multiviews  
# http://www.webmasterworld.com/apache/3808792.htm
```

```
Options -MultiViews
```

```
# -----  
# ! Custom error messages / pages /  
# -----
```

```
# You can customize what Apache returns to the client in case of an error (see  
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#errordocument), e.g.:
```

```
ErrorDocument 404 /404.html
```

```
# #####  
# ! INTERNET EXPLORER #  
# #####
```

```
# -----  
# I Better website experience /  
# -----
```

```
# Force IE to render pages in the highest available mode in the various  
# cases when it may not: http://hsivonen.iki.fi/doctype/ie-mode.pdf.
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>  
    Header set X-UA-Compatible "IE=edge"  
    # `mod_headers` can't match based on the content-type, however, we only  
    # want to send this header for HTML pages and not for the other resources  
    <FilesMatch "\.(appcache|crx|css|curl|eot|gif|htc|ico|jpe?  
gl|js|m4a|m4v|manifest|mp4|oex|ogal|oggl|ogv|otf|pdf|png|safariextz|svgz?  
|ttf|vcf|webapp|webm|webp|woff|xml|xpi)$">  
        Header unset X-UA-Compatible  
    </FilesMatch>  
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# I Cookie setting from iframes /  
# -----
```

```
# Allow cookies to be set from iframes in IE.  
# http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms537343.aspx  
# http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/CR-P3P-20001215/
```

```
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>  
#   Header set P3P "policyref=\"/w3c/p3p.xml\", CP=\"IDC DSP COR ADM DEVI TAIi PSA PSD  
IVAI IVDi CONi HIS OUR IND CNT\""  
# </IfModule>
```

```
# #####  
# # MIME TYPES AND ENCODING #  
# #####
```

```
# -----  
# I Proper MIME types for all files /  
# -----
```

```
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
```

Audio

AddType	audio/mp4	m4a f4a f4b
AddType	audio/ogg	oga ogg

JavaScript

Normalize to standard type (it's sniffed in IE anyways):

<http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2>

AddType	application/javascript	js
AddType	application/json	json

Video

AddType	video/mp4	f4v f4p m4v mp4
AddType	video/ogg	ogv
AddType	video/webm	webm
AddType	video/x-flv	flv

Web fonts

AddType	application/font-woff	woff
AddType	application/vnd.ms-fontobject	eot

*# Browsers usually ignore the font MIME types and sniff the content,
however, Chrome shows a warning if other MIME types are used for the
following fonts.*

AddType	application/x-font-ttf	ttc ttf
AddType	font/opentype	otf

Make SVGZ fonts work on iPad:

<https://twitter.com/FontSquirrel/status/14855840545>

AddType	image/svg+xml	svgz
AddEncoding	gzip	svgz

Other

AddType	application/octet-stream	safariextz
AddType	application/x-chrome-extension	crx
AddType	application/x-opera-extension	oex
AddType	application/x-web-app-manifest+json	webapp
AddType	application/x-xpinstall	xpi
AddType	application/xml	atom rdf rss xml
AddType	image/webp	webp
AddType	image/x-icon	cur

```

AddType text/cache-manifest          appcache manifest
AddType text/vtt                     vtt
AddType text/x-component              htc
AddType text/x-vcard                  vcf

</IfModule>

# -----
# | UTF-8 encoding                      |
# -----

# Use UTF-8 encoding for anything served as `text/html` or `text/plain`.
AddDefaultCharset utf-8

# Force UTF-8 for certain file formats.
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
    AddCharset utf-8 .atom .css .js .json .rss .vtt .webapp .xml
</IfModule>

# #####
# # URL REWRITES                                #
# #####

# -----
# | Rewrite engine                          |
# -----

# Turning on the rewrite engine and enabling the `FollowSymLinks` option is
# necessary for the following directives to work.

# If your web host doesn't allow the `FollowSymLinks` option, you may need to
# comment it out and use `Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch` but, be aware of the
# performance impact: http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/misc/perf-tuning.html#symlinks

# Also, some cloud hosting services require `RewriteBase` to be set:
# http://www.rackspace.com/knowledge\_center/frequently-asked-question/why-is-mod-rewrite-not-working-on-my-site

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     Options +FollowSymLinks
#     # Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch

```

```

#     RewriteEngine On
#     # RewriteBase /
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Suppressing / Forcing the "www." at the beginning of URLs |
# -----

# The same content should never be available under two different URLs especially
# not with and without "www." at the beginning. This can cause SEO problems
# (duplicate content), therefore, you should choose one of the alternatives and
# redirect the other one.

# By default option 1 (no "www.") is activated:
# http://no-www.org/faq.php?q=class_b

# If you'd prefer to use option 2, just comment out all the lines from option 1
# and uncomment the ones from option 2.

# IMPORTANT: NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!

# -----

# Option 1: rewrite www.example.com → example.com

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
#     RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.(.+$) [NC]
#     RewriteRule ^ http://%1%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

# -----

# Option 2: rewrite example.com → www.example.com

# Be aware that the following might not be a good idea if you use "real"
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
#     RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\..+$ [NC]

```

```

# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !=localhost [NC]
# RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !=127.0.0.1
# RewriteRule ^ http://www.%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

#####
# SECURITY #
#####

# -----
# | Clickjacking |
# -----

# Protect web site against clickjacking.

# The example below sends the `X-Frame-Options` response header with the value
# `DENY`, informing browsers not to display the web page content in any frame.

# This might not be the best setting for everyone. You should read about the
# other two possible values for `X-Frame-Options`: `SAMEORIGIN` and `ALLOW-FROM`
# http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034#section-2.1.

# Keep in mind that while you could send the `X-Frame-Options` header for all
# of your site's pages, this has the potential downside that it forbids even
# non-malicious framing of your content (e.g.: when users visit your site using
# a Google Image Search results page).

# Nonetheless, you should ensure that you send the `X-Frame-Options` header for
# all pages that allow a user to make a state changing operation (e.g: pages
# that contain one-click purchase links, checkout or bank-transfer confirmation
# pages, pages that make permanent configuration changes, etc.).

# Sending the `X-Frame-Options` header can also protect your web site against
# more than just clickjacking attacks: https://cure53.de/xfo-clickjacking.pdf.

# http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2010/03/30/combating-clickjacking-with-x-
# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Clickjacking

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>

```

```

#      Header set X-Frame-Options "SAMEORIGIN"
#      <FilesMatch "\.(appcache|crx|css|curl|eot|gif|htc|icol|jpe?
gl|js|m4a|m4v|manifest|mp4|oex|ogal|ogg|ogv|otf|pdf|png|safariextz|svgz?
|ttf|vcf|webapp|webm|webp|woff|xml|xpi)$">
#          Header unset X-Frame-Options
#      </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Content Security Policy (CSP) |
# -----

# You can mitigate the risk of cross-site scripting and other content-injection
# attacks by setting a Content Security Policy which whitelists trusted sources
# of content for your site.

# The example header below allows ONLY scripts that are loaded from the current
# site's origin (no inline scripts, no CDN, etc). This almost certainly won't
# work as-is for your site!

# For more details on how to craft a reasonable policy for your site, read:
# http://html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/content-security-policy (or the
# specification: http://w3.org/TR/CSP). Also, to make things easier, you can
# use an online CSP header generator such as: http://cspisawesome.com/.

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#     Header set Content-Security-Policy "script-src 'self'; object-src 'self'"
#     <FilesMatch "\.(appcache|crx|css|curl|eot|gif|htc|icol|jpe?
gl|js|m4a|m4v|manifest|mp4|oex|ogal|ogg|ogv|otf|pdf|png|safariextz|svgz?
|ttf|vcf|webapp|webm|webp|woff|xml|xpi)$">
#         Header unset Content-Security-Policy
#     </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | File access |
# -----

# Block access to directories without a default document.
# Usually you should leave this uncommented because you shouldn't allow anyone
# to surf through every directory on your server (which may include rather

```

```

# -----
# private places like the CMS' s directories).

<IfModule mod_autoindex.c>
    Options -Indexes
</IfModule>

# -----

# Block access to hidden files and directories.
# This includes directories used by version control systems such as Git and SVN.

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -d [OR]
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -f
    RewriteRule "(^|/)\." - [F]
</IfModule>

# -----

# Block access to backup and source files.
# These files may be left by some text editors and can pose a great security
# danger when anyone has access to them.

<FilesMatch "(^#.#|\.
(bak|config|dist|fla|incl|ini|log|psd|sh|sql|sw[op]|less|scss|kit)|~)$">

    # Apache < 2.3
    <IfModule !mod_authz_core.c>
        Order allow,deny
        Deny from all
        Satisfy All
    </IfModule>

    # Apache ≥ 2.3
    <IfModule mod_authz_core.c>
        Require all denied
    </IfModule>

</FilesMatch>

# -----

```

```

" -----
# | Reducing MIME-type security risks |
# -----

# Prevent some browsers from MIME-sniffing the response.

# This reduces exposure to drive-by download attacks and should be enable
# especially if the web server is serving user uploaded content, content
# that could potentially be treated by the browser as executable.

# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-v-comprehensive-
# protection.aspx
# http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/gg622941.aspx
# http://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#     Header set X-Content-Type-Options "nosniff"
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) attacks |
# -----

# (1) Try to re-enable the Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) filter built into the
#     most recent web browsers.
#
#     The filter is usually enabled by default, but in some cases it may be
#     disabled by the user. However, in IE for example, it can be re-enabled
#     just by sending the `X-XSS-Protection` header with the value of `1`.
#
# (2) Prevent web browsers from rendering the web page if a potential reflected
#     (a.k. a non-persistent) XSS attack is detected by the filter.
#
#     By default, if the filter is enabled and browsers detect a reflected
#     XSS attack, they will attempt to block the attack by making the smallest
#     possible modifications to the returned web page.
#
#     Unfortunately, in some browsers (e.g.: IE), this default behavior may
#     allow the XSS filter to be exploited, thereby, it's better to tell
#     browsers to prevent the rendering of the page altogether, instead of
#     attempting to modify it.
"

```



```
# If a user types "example.com" in his browser, the above rule will redirect
# him to the secure version of the site. That still leaves a window of oppor-
# tunity (the initial HTTP connection) for an attacker to downgrade or redirect
# the request. The following header ensures that browser will ONLY connect to
# your server via HTTPS, regardless of what the users type in the address bar.
# http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-websec-strict-transport-sec-14#section-6.1
# http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/transport-layer-security/
```

```
# (!) Remove the `includeSubDomains` optional directive if the subdomains are
# not using HTTPS.
```

```
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set Strict-Transport-Security "max-age=16070400; includeSubDomains"
# </IfModule>
```

```
# -----
# | Server software information                               |
# -----
```

```
# Avoid displaying the exact Apache version number, the description of the
# generic OS-type and the information about Apache's compiled-in modules.
```

```
# ADD THIS DIRECTIVE IN THE `httpd.conf` AS IT WILL NOT WORK IN THE `.htaccess`!
```

```
# ServerTokens Prod
```

```
# #####
# # WEB PERFORMANCE                                     #
# #####
```

```
# -----
# | Compression                                           |
# -----
```

```
<IfModule mod_deflate.c>
```

```
    # Force compression for mangled headers.
```

```
    # http://developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ymdn/posts/2010/12/pushing-beyond-gzipping
```

```
    <IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
```

```
        <IfModule mod_headers.c>
```

```
            SetEnvIfNoCase ^(\Accept-Encoding|X-cept-Encoding|X(15)|^(15)|-(15))$
```

```

^((gzip|deflate)\s*,?\s*)+|["'~]{4,13}$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
    RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip, deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-Encoding
</IfModule>
</IfModule>

# Compress all output labeled with one of the following MIME-types
# (for Apache versions below 2.3.7, you don't need to enable `mod_filter`
# and can remove the `<IfModule mod_filter.c>` and `</IfModule>` lines
# as `AddOutputFilterByType` is still in the core directives).
<IfModule mod_filter.c>
    AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/atom+xml \
        application/javascript \
        application/json \
        application/rss+xml \
        application/vnd.ms-fontobject \
        application/x-font-ttf \
        application/x-web-app-manifest+json \
        application/xhtml+xml \
        application/xml \
        font/opentype \
        image/svg+xml \
        image/x-icon \
        text/css \
        text/html \
        text/plain \
        text/x-component \
        text/xml

</IfModule>

</IfModule>

# -----
# | Content transformations |
# -----

# Prevent some of the mobile network providers from modifying the content of
# your site: http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec14.html#sec14.9.5.

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#     Header set Cache-Control "no-transform"
# </IfModule>

```

```
# -----  
# | ETag removal |  
# -----
```

```
# Since we're sending far-future expires headers (see below), ETags can  
# be removed: http://developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags.
```

```
# `FileETag None` is not enough for every server.
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
```

```
    Header unset ETag
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
FileETag None
```

```
# -----  
# | Expires headers (for better cache control) |  
# -----
```

```
# The following expires headers are set pretty far in the future. If you don't  
# control versioning with filename-based cache busting, consider lowering the  
# cache time for resources like CSS and JS to something like 1 week.
```

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
```

```
    ExpiresActive on
```

```
    ExpiresDefault "access plus 1 month"
```

```
# CSS
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/css "access plus 1 year"
```

```
# Data interchange
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/json "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/xml "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/xml "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
# Favicon (cannot be renamed!) and cursor images
```

```
    ExpiresByType image/x-icon "access plus 1 week"
```

```
# HTML components (HTCs)
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/x-component "access plus 1 month"
```

```

# HTML
ExpiresByType text/html "access plus 0 seconds"

# JavaScript
ExpiresByType application/javascript "access plus 1 year"

# Manifest files
ExpiresByType application/x-web-app-manifest+json "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest "access plus 0 seconds"

# Media
ExpiresByType audio/ogg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/gif "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/jpeg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/png "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/mp4 "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/ogg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/webm "access plus 1 month"

# Web feeds
ExpiresByType application/atom+xml "access plus 1 hour"
ExpiresByType application/rss+xml "access plus 1 hour"

# Web fonts
ExpiresByType application/font-woff "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType font/opentype "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/svg+xml "access plus 1 month"

```

</IfModule>

```

# -----
# | Filename-based cache busting |
# -----

```

*# If you're not using a build process to manage your filename version revving,
you might want to consider enabling the following directives to route all
requests such as `/css/style.12345.css` to `/css/style.css`.*

```

# To understand why this is important and a better idea than `*.css?v231`, read:
# http://stevesouders.com/blog/2008/08/23/revving-filenames-dont-use-querystring

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
#     RewriteRule ^(.+)%$ (%d+)%$ (.js|css|png|jpg|gif)$ $1. $3 [L]
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | File concatenation |
# -----

# Allow concatenation from within specific CSS and JS files, e.g.:
# Inside of `script.combined.js` you could have
# <!--#include file="libs/jquery.js" -->
# <!--#include file="plugins/jquery.idletimer.js" -->
# and they would be included into this single file.

# <IfModule mod_include.c>
#     <FilesMatch "%\.combined\.js$">
#         Options +Includes
#         AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES application/javascript application/json
#         SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
#     </FilesMatch>
#     <FilesMatch "%\.combined\.css$">
#         Options +Includes
#         AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES text/css
#         SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
#     </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Persistent connections |
# -----

# Allow multiple requests to be sent over the same TCP connection:
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/en/mod/core.html#keepalive.

# Enable if you serve a lot of static content but, be aware of the
# possible disadvantages!

```

```
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set Connection Keep-Alive
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Directing traffic to the front-controller |
# -----

# Use the front controller as index file. It serves as a fallback solution when
# every other rewrite/redirect fails (e.g. in an aliased environment without
# mod_rewrite). Additionally, this reduces the matching process for the
# start page (path "/") because otherwise Apache will apply the rewriting rules
# to each configured DirectoryIndex file (e.g. index.php, index.html, index.pl).
DirectoryIndex index.php
```

```
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteEngine On

    # Determine the RewriteBase automatically and set it as environment variable.
    # If you are using Apache aliases to do mass virtual hosting or installed the
    # project in a subdirectory, the base path will be prepended to allow proper
    # resolution of the index.php file and to redirect to the correct URI. It will
    # work in environments without path prefix as well, providing a safe, one-size
    # fits all solution. But as you do not need it in this case, you can comment
    # the following 2 lines to eliminate the overhead.
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI}::$1 ^(/.+)/(.*):::$2$
    RewriteRule ^(.*) - [E=BASE:%1]

    # Redirect to URI without front controller to prevent duplicate content
    # (with and without `/index.php`). Only do this redirect on the initial
    # rewrite by Apache and not on subsequent cycles. Otherwise we would get an
    # endless redirect loop (request -> rewrite to front controller ->
    # redirect -> request -> ...).
    # So in case you get a "too many redirects" error or you always get redirected
    # to the start page because your Apache does not expose the REDIRECT_STATUS
    # environment variable, you have 2 choices:
    # - disable this feature by commenting the following 2 lines or
    # - use Apache >= 2.3.9 and replace all L flags by END flags and remove the
    #   following RewriteCond (best solution)
    RewriteCond %{ENV:REDIRECT_STATUS} ^$
    RewriteRule ^app\.php(/(.*)| $) %{ENV:BASE}/$2 [R=301,L]
```

```
----- REQUEST_FILENAME: /index.php -----

# If the requested filename exists, simply serve it.
# We only want to let Apache serve files and not directories.
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} -f
RewriteRule .? - [L]

# Rewrite all other queries to the front controller.
RewriteRule .? %{ENV:BASE}/index.php [L]
</IfModule>

<IfModule !mod_rewrite.c>
  <IfModule mod_alias.c>
    # When mod_rewrite is not available, we instruct a temporary redirect of
    # the start page to the front controller explicitly so that the website
    # and the generated links can still be used.
    RedirectMatch 302 ^/$ /index.php/
    # RedirectTemp cannot be used instead
  </IfModule>
</IfModule>
```