```
# Laravel 5 Rewrites
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
   <IfModule mod_negotiation.c>
       Options -MultiViews
   </If Module>
   RewriteEngine On
   # Redirect Trailing Slashes...
   RewriteRule ^(.*)/$ /$1 [L,R=301]
   # Handle Front Controller...
   RewriteCond %(REQUEST_FILENAME) !-d
   RewriteCond %(REQUEST_FILENAME) !-f
   RewriteRule ^ index.php [L]
</If Module>
# Apache Server Configs v2.11.0 | MIT License
# https://github.com/h5bp/server-configs-apache
# (!) Using `.htaccess` files slows down Apache, therefore, if you have
# access to the main server configuration file (which is usually called
# `httpd.conf`), you should add this logic there.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html.
# # CROSS-ORIGIN
 I Cross-origin requests
# Allow cross-origin requests.
# https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Access_control_CORS
# http://enable-cors.org/
# http://www.w3.org/TR/cors/
# 27 6 Made 1 - 22 d | E2 2 d 2 c 2 s
```

```
KITHODULE MOD HEADERS, CX
    Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
# </IfModule>
 _____
 / Cross-oriain imaaes
# Send the CORS header for images when browsers request it.
# https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML/CORS_enabled_image
# https://blog.chromium.org/2011/07/using-cross-domain-images-in-webgl-and.html
<IfModule mod setenvif.c>
   <IfModule mod_headers.c>
      <FilesMatch "\.(bmpl curl giflicol jpe?gl pngl svgz?l webp)$">
         SetEnvIf Origin ": " IS_CORS
         Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*" env=IS_CORS
      </FilesMatch>
   </IfModule>
# -----
# / Cross-origin web fonts
# Allow cross-origin access to web fonts.
<IfModule mod headers.c>
   <FilesMatch "\.(eotlotfltt[cf]|woff2?)$">
      Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
   </FilesMatch>
</If Module>
 # / Cross-origin resource timing
 ______
# Allow cross-origin access to the timing information for all resources.
# If a resource isn't served with a `Timing—Allow—Origin` header that
```

```
# would allow its timing information to be shared with the document,
# some of the attributes of the `PerformanceResourceTiming` object will
# be set to zero.
# http://www.w3.org/TR/resource-timing/
# http://www.stevesouders.com/blog/2014/08/21/resource-timing-practical-tips/
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set Timing-Allow-Origin: "*"
# </IfModule>
 # ERRORS
 _____
# | Custom error messages/pages
# Customize what Apache returns to the client in case of an error.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#errordocument
ErrorDocument 404 /404.html
# Disable the pattern matching based on filenames.
# This setting prevents Apache from returning a 404 error as the result
# of a rewrite when the directory with the same name does not exist.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/content-negotiation.html#multiviews
Options -MultiViews
 # # INTERNET EXPLORER
```

```
I Document modes
# Force Internet Explorer 8/9/10 to render pages in the highest mode
# available in the various cases when it may not.
# https://hsivonen.fi/doctype/#ie8
# (!) Starting with Internet Explorer 11, document modes are deprecated.
# If your business still relies on older web apps and services that were
# designed for older versions of Internet Explorer, you might want to
# consider enabling `Enterprise Mode` throughout your company,
# http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/bg182625.aspx#docmode
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2014/04/02/stay-up-to-date-with-enterprise-mode-for-
internet-explorer-11. aspx
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set X-UA-Compatible "IE=edge"
    # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
    # the `X-UA-Compatible` response header should be send only for
    # HTML documents and not for the other resources.
    <FilesMatch "\.</pre>
(appcachel atom) bbaw) bmp| crx| css| cur| eot| f4[abpv]| f1v| geojson| gif| htc| ico| jpe?
gl jsl json(1d)?
lm4[av]|manifest|map|mp4|oex|og[agv]|opus|otf|pdf|png|rdf|rss|safariextz|svqz?
|swf|topojson|tt[cf]|txt|vcard|vcf|vtt|webapp|web[mp]|woff2?|xloc|xml|xpi)$">
        Header unset X-UA-Compatible
    </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>
 / Iframes cookies
# Allow cookies to be set from iframes in Internet Explorer.
# http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms537343.aspx
# http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/CR-P3P-20001215/
```

```
# <IfModule mod headers, c>
    Header set P3P "policyref=\"/w3c/p3p.xml\", CP=\"IDC DSP COR ADM DEVi TAIi PSA PSD
IVAI IVDI CONI HIS OUR IND CNT\""
# </IfModule>
 # # MEDIA TYPES AND CHARACTER ENCODINGS
______
# | Media types
# Serve resources with the proper media types (f.k.a. MIME types).
# https://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/media-types.xhtml
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_mime.html#addtype
<IfModule mod mime.c>
 # Data interchange
   AddTupe application/json
                                               json map topojson
   AddType application/ld+json
                                              jsonld
   AddType application/vnd.geo+json
                                              geojson.
   AddTupe application/xml
                                              atom rdf rss xml
 # JavaScript
   # Normalize to standard type.
   # https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2
   AddTupe application/javascript
                                               js.
 # Manifest files
   # If you are providing a web application manifest file (see
   # the specification: https://w3c.github.io/manifest/), it is
   # recommended that you serve it with the `application/manifest+json`
   # media type.
```

```
# Because the web application manifest file doesn't have its
 # own unique file extension, you can set its media type either
 # by matching:
  #
 # 1) the exact location of the file (this can be done using a
       directive such as `<Location>`, but it will NOT work in
       the `.htaccess` file, so you will have to do it in the main
  #
       server configuration file or inside of a `<VirtualHost>`
  #
  #
      container)
  #
  #
      e. g. :
  #
  #
          <Location "/.well-known/manifest.json">
              AddTupe application/manifest+json
  #
                                                               json
  #
          </Location>
  #
 # 2) the filename (this can be problematic as you will need to
       ensure that you don't have any other file with the same name
 #
  #
       as the one you gave to your web application manifest file)
  #
  #
       e. g. :
  #
          <Files "manifest.json">
  #
  #
              AddType application/manifest+json
                                                               json
          </Files>
 AddType application/x-web-app-manifest+json
                                                       webapp
 AddType text/cache-manifest
                                                       appoache manifest
# Media files
 AddType audio/mp4
                                                       f4a f4b m4a
 AddType audio/ogg
                                                       oga ogg opus
 AddType image/bmp
                                                       pwb.
 AddType image/webp
                                                       webp
 AddType video/mp4
                                                       f4v f4p m4v mp4
 AddType video/ogg
                                                       vpo
 AddType video/webm
                                                       webm
 AddType video/x-flv
                                                       flv.
 AddType image/svg+xml
                                                       svg svgz
```

```
# Serving `.ico` image files with a different media type
   # prevents Internet Explorer from displaying then as images:
   # https://github.com/h5bp/html5-
boilerplate/commit/37b5fec090d00f38de64b591bcddcb205aadf8ee
   AddType image/x-icon
                                                     cur ico
  # Web fonts
   AddType application/font-woff
                                                     woff
   AddType application/font-woff2
                                                     woff2
   AddType application/vnd.ms-fontobject
                                                     eot
   # Browsers usually ignore the font media types and simply sniff
   # the bytes to figure out the font type.
   # https://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/#matching-a-font-type-pattern
   # However, Blink and WebKit based browsers will show a warning
   # in the console if the following font types are served with any
   # other media types.
   AddType application/x-font-ttf
                                                     ttc ttf
   AddTupe font/opentupe
                                                     otf
  # Other
   AddType application/octet-stream
                                                     safariextz
   AddType application/x-bb-appworld
                                                     bbaw
   AddTupe application/x-chrome-extension
                                                     crx
   AddType application/x-opera-extension
                                                     oex
   AddType application/x-xpinstall
                                                     xpi
   AddType text/vcard
                                                     voard vof
   AddType text/vnd.rim.location.xloc
                                                     xl oc
   AddType text/vtt
                                                     vtt.
   AddType text/x-component
                                                     htc.
</IfModule>
 ______
```

# -----

```
# Serve all resources labeled as `text/html` or `text/plain`
# with the media type `charset` parameter set to `UTF-8`.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#adddefaultcharset
AddDefaultCharset utf-8
# Serve the following file types with the media type `charset`
# parameter set to `UTF-8`.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_mime.html#addcharset
<IfModule mod mime.c>
   AddCharset utf-8 .atom \
                 .bba⊎ \
                 .css \
                 .geojson∖
                 .js∖
                 .json∖
                 .jsonld \
                 .rdf \
                 .rss \
                 .topojson∖
                 . vtt N
                 .webapp \
                 .xloc \
                 . \times ml
</IfModule>
# # REWRITES
 I Rewrite engine
```

```
the `RewriteRule` directives to work).
#
      https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_rewrite.html#RewriteEngine
#
# (2) Enable the `FollowSymLinks` option if it isn't already.
     https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#options
#
# (3) If your web host doesn't allow the `FollowSymlinks` option,
      you need to comment it out or remove it, and then uncomment
      the `Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch` line (4), but be aware
     of the performance impact.
#
     https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/misc/perf-tuning.html#symlinks
# (4) Some cloud hosting services will require you set `RewriteBase`.
#
     http://www.rackspace.com/knowledge_center/frequently-asked-question/why-is-
modrewrite-not-working-on-my-site
      https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_rewrite.html#rewritebase
# (5) Depending on how your server is set up, you may also need to
      use the `RewriteOptions` directive to enable some options for
      the rewrite engine.
#
     https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_rewrite.html#rewriteoptions
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    # (1)
    RewriteEngine On
    # (2)
# For security reasons, Option followsymlinks cannot be overridden.
    Options +FollowSymlinks
    Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch
    # (3)
    # Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch
```

# 727

```
# RewriteBase /
   # (5)
   # RewriteOptions <options>
______
# | Forcing `https://`
# Redirect from the `http://` to the `https://` version of the URL.
# https://wiki.apache.org/httpd/RewriteHTTPToHTTPS
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
  RewriteEngine On
    RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
    RewriteRule ^(.*)$ https://%(HTTP_HOST)/$1 [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>
# | Suppressing / Forcing the `www.` at the beginning of URLs -
# The same content should never be available under two different
# URLs, especially not with and without `www.` at the beginning.
# This can cause SEO problems (duplicate content), and therefore,
# you should choose one of the alternatives and redirect the other
# one.
# By default `Option 1` (no `www.`) is activated.
# http://no-www.org/fag.php?q=class_b
# If you would prefer to use `Option 2`, just comment out all the
# lines from `Option 1` and uncomment the ones from `Option 2`.
# (!) NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!
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```

```
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
   RewriteEngine On
   RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
   RewriteCond %(HTTP HOST) ^www\.(.+)$ [NC]
   RewriteRule ^ http://%1%(REQUEST_URI) [R=301,L]
</If Module>
# Option 2: rewrite example.com → www.example.com
# Be aware that the following might not be a good idea if you use "real"
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.
# <IfModule mod rewrite.c>
    RewriteEngine On
    RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
    RewriteCond %(HTTP HOST) ! ^www\. [NC]
    RewriteCond %(SERVER_ADDR) !=127.0.0.1
    RewriteCond %CSERVER_ADDR3 ! =::1
    RewriteRule ^ http://www.%EHTTP_HOST>%EREQUEST_URI> [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>
# SECURITY
_____
# Protect website against clickjacking.
# The example below sends the `X-Frame-Options` response header with
# the value `DENY`, informing browsers not to display the content of
# the web page in any frame.
# This might not be the best setting for everyone. You should read
# about the other two possible values the `X—Frame—Options` header
```

```
# field can have: SAMEORIGIN and ALLOW-FROM .
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034#section-2.1.
# Keep in mind that while you could send the `X-Frame-Options` header
# for all of your website's pages, this has the potential downside that
# it forbids even non-malicious framing of your content (e.g.: when
# users visit your website using a Google Image Search results page).
# Nonetheless, you should ensure that you send the `X-Frame-Options`
# header for all pages that allow a user to make a state changing
# operation (e.g: pages that contain one-click purchase links, checkout
# or bank-transfer confirmation pages, pages that make permanent
# configuration changes, etc.).
# Sending the `X-Frame-Options` header can also protect your website
# against more than just clickjacking attacks:
# https://cure53.de/xfo-clickjacking.pdf.
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2010/03/30/combating-clickjacking-with-x-
frame-options, aspx
# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Clickjacking
 <IfModule mod_headers.c>
      Header set X-Frame-Options "DENY"
      # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
      # the `X-Frame-Options` response header should be send only for
      # HTML documents and not for the other resources.
      <FilesMatch "\.
(appeachel atom) bbawl bmpl crxl cssl curl eotl f4[abpv]| f1vl geojsonl gifl htcl icol jpe?
gl jsl json(1d)?
l m4Eav]l manifestl mapl mp4l oexl ogEagv]l opusl otfl pdfl pngl rdfl rssl safariextzl svgz?
I swfl topojson| tt[cf]| txt| vcard| vcf| vtt| webapp| web[mp]| woff2?| xloc| xml| xpi)$">
          Header unset X-Frame-Options
      </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>
# | Content Security Policy (CSP)
```

```
# Mitigate the risk of cross-site scripting and other content-injection
# attacks.
# This can be done by setting a `Content Security Policy` which
# whitelists trusted sources of content for your website.
# The example header below allows ONLY scripts that are loaded from the
# current website's origin (no inline scripts, no CDN, etc). That almost
# certainly won't work as-is for your website!
# For more details on how to craft a reasonable policy for your website,
# read: http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/content-security-policy/
# (or the specification: http://www.w3.org/TR/CSP11/). Also, to make
# things easier, you can use an online CSP header generator such as:
# http://cspisawesome.com/.
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
     Header set Content-Security-Policy "script-src 'self'; object-src 'self'"
     # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
     # the `Content-Security-Policy` response header should be send
     # only for HTML documents and not for the other resources.
#
     <FilesMatch "\.
(appeachel atoml bbawl bmpl crxl cssl curl eotl f4[abpv]| f1v| geojson| gif| htclicoljpe?
gl jsl json(1d)?
l m4[av]l mani festl mapl mp4l oexl og[agv]l opusl otfl pdfl pngl rdfl rssl safari extzl svgz?
| swf| topojson| tt[cf]| txt| vcard| vcf| vtt| webapp| web[mp]| woff2?| xloc| xml| xpi)$">
         Header unset Content-Security-Policy
    </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>
 _____
# Block access to directories without a default document.
# You should leave the following uncommented, as you shouldn't allow
# anyone to surf through every directory on your server (which may
# includes rather private places such as the CMS's directories).
```

```
</IfModule>
# Block access to all hidden files and directories with the exception of
# the visible content from within the `/.well-known/` hidden directory.
# These types of files usually contain user preferences or the preserved
# state of an utility, and can include rather private places like, for
# example, the `.qit` or `.svn` directories.
# The `/.well-known/` directory represents the standard (RFC 5785) path
# prefix for "well-known locations" (e.g.: `/.well-known/manifest.json`,
# `/.well-known/keybase.txt`), and therefore, access to its visible
# content should not be blocked.
# https://www.mnot.net/blog/2010/04/07/well-known
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5785
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteEngine On
    RewriteCond %(REQUEST_URI) "!(^|/)\.well-known/([^./]+./?)+$" [NC]
    RewriteCond %(SCRIPT FILENAME) -d [OR]
    RewriteCond %(SCRIPT FILENAME) -f
    RewriteRule "(^|/)\." - [F]
</IfModule>
# Block access to files that can expose sensitive information.
# By default, block access to backup and source files that may be
# left by some text editors and can pose a security risk when anyone
# has access to them.
# http://feross.org/cmsploit/
# (!) Update the `<FilesMatch>` regular expression from below to
# include any files that might end up on your production server and
# can expose sensitive information about your website. These files may
```

Options -Indexes

```
# include: configuration files, files that contain metadata about the
# project (e.g.: project dependencies), build scripts, etc..
<FilesMatch "(^#. *#|\.(bak|conf|dist|fla|in[ci]|log|psd|sh|sql|sw[op])|")$">
    # Apache < 2.3
    <IfModule ! mod_authz_core. c>
        Order allow, denu
        Deny from all
        Satisfy All
    </IfModule>
    # Apache ≥ 2.3
    <IfModule mod_authz_core.c>
        Require all denied
    </IfModule>
</FilesMatch>
# | HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS)
# Force client-side SSL redirection.
# If a user types `example.com` in their browser, even if the server
# redirects them to the secure version of the website, that still leaves
# a window of opportunity (the initial HTTP connection) for an attacker
# to downgrade or redirect the request.
# The following header ensures that browser will ONLY connect to your
# server via HTTPS, regardless of what the users type in the browser's
# address bar.
# (!) Remove the `includeSubDomains` optional directive if the website's
# subdomains are not using HTTPS.
# http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/transport-layer-security/
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-websec-strict-transport-sec-14#section-6.1
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2014/08/18/hsts-strict-transport-security-
attacks-mitigations-deployment-https.aspx
```

```
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
     Header set Strict-Transport-Security "max-age=16070400; includeSubDomains"
# </IfModule>
 ______
# | Reducing MIME type security risks |
# Prevent some browsers from MIME-sniffing the response.
# This reduces exposure to drive-by download attacks and cross-origin
# data leaks, and should be left uncommented, especially if the server
# is serving user-uploaded content or content that could potentially be
# treated as executable by the browser.
# http://www.slideshare.net/hasegawayosuke/owasp-hasegawa
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-v-comprehensive-
protection, aspx
# http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/gg622941.aspx
# https://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
   Header set X-Content-Type-Options "nosniff"
# | Reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) attacks
# (1) Try to re-enable the cross-site scripting (XSS) filter built
     into most web browsers.
     The filter is usually enabled by default, but in some cases it
     may be disabled by the user. However, in Internet Explorer for
     example, it can be re-enabled just by sending the
      `X	ext{-}XSS	ext{-}Protection` header with the value of <math>`1`.
# (2) Prevent web browsers from rendering the web page if a potential
     reflected (a.k.a non-persistent) XSS attack is detected by the
     filter.
```

```
By default, if the filter is enabled and browsers detect a
#
      reflected XSS attack, they will attempt to block the attack
#
      by making the smallest possible modifications to the returned
      web page.
      Unfortunately, in some browsers (e.g.: Internet Explorer),
      this default behavior may allow the XSS filter to be exploited,
      thereby, it's better to inform browsers to prevent the rendering
      of the page altogether, instead of attempting to modify it.
      http://hackademix.net/2009/11/21/ies-xss-filter-creates-xss-vulnerabilities
# (!) Do not rely on the XSS filter to prevent XSS attacks! Ensure that
      you are taking all possible measures to prevent XSS attacks, the
      most obvious being: validating and sanitizing your website's inputs.
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-iv-the-xss-filter.aspx
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2011/01/31/controlling-the-internet-
explorer-xss-filter-with-the-x-xss-protection-http-header.aspx
# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Cross-site_Scripting_%28%SS%29
# <IfModule mod headers, c>
                                  (1) (2)
      Header set X-XSS-Protection "1: mode=block"
      # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
      # the `X-XSS-Protection` response header should be send only for
      # HTML documents and not for the other resources.
      <FilesMatch "\.
(appeachel atom) bbawl bmpl crxl cssl curl eot[f4[abpv]] f1vl geojson[gif] htclicoljpe?
gl jsl json(1d)?
l m4[av]| manifest| map| mp4| oex| og[agv]| opus| otf| pdf| png| rdf| rss| safariextz| svgz?
I swfl topojson| tt[cf]| txt| vcard| vcf| vtt| webapp| web[mp]| woff2?| xloc| xml| xpi)$">
          Header unset X-XSS-Protection
      </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>
  / Server software information
               _____
```

```
# Prevent Apache from sending in the `Server` response header its
# exact version number, the description of the generic OS-type or
# information about its compiled—in modules.
# (!) The `ServerTokens` directive will only work in the main server
# configuration file, so don't try to enable it in the `.htaccess` file!
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#servertokens
# ServerTokens Prod
# # WEB PERFORMANCE
 / Compression
<IfModule mod_deflate.c>
   # Force compression for mangled `Accept-Encoding` request headers
   # https://developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ydn/pushing-beyond-gzipping-25601.html
   <IfModule mod setenvif.c>
       <IfModule mod_headers.c>
          SetEnvIfNoCase ^(Accept-EncodXngl X-cept-Encodingl X{15}| ~{15}| -{15})$
^((gzipl deflate)\s*, ?\s*)+l[X"-]{4,13}$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
          RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip,deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-Encoding
       </IfModule>
   </IfModule>
   # Compress all output labeled with one of the following media types.
   # (!) For Apache versions below version 2,3,7 you don't need to
   # enable `mod_filter` and can remove the `<IfModule mod_filter.c>`
   # and `</IfModule>` lines as `AddOutputFilterByType` is still in
   # the core directives.
```

# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_filter.html#addoutputfilterbytype

```
<IfModule mod_filter.c>
   AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE "application/atom+xml" \
                                  "application/javascript" \
                                  "application/json" \
                                  "application/ld+json" \
                                  "application/manifest+json" \
                                  "application/rdf+xml" \
                                  "application/rss+xml" \
                                  "application/schema+json" \
                                  "application/vnd.geo+json" \
                                  "application/vnd.ms-fontobject" \
                                  "application/x-font-ttf" \
                                  "application/x-javascript" \
                                  "application/x-web-app-manifest+json" \
                                  "application/xhtml+xml" \
                                  "application/xml" \
                                  "font/eot" \
                                  "font/opentype" \
                                  "image/bmp" \
                                  "image/svg+xml" \
                                  "image/vnd.microsoft.icon" \
                                  "image/x-icon" \
                                  "text/cache-manifest" \
                                  "text/css" \
                                  "text/html" \
                                  "text/javascript" \
                                  "text/plain" \
                                  "text/vcard" \
                                  "text/vnd.rim.location.xloc" \
                                  "text/vtt" \
                                  "text/x-component" \
                                  "text/x-cross-domain-policy" \
                                  "text/xml"
</IfModule>
```

```
# map the following filename extensions to the specified
    # encoding type in order to make Apache serve the file types
    # with the appropriate `Content-Encoding` response header
    # (do note that this will NOT make Apache compress them!).
    # If these files types would be served without an appropriate
    # `Content-Enable` response header, client applications (e.g.:
    # browsers) wouldn't know that they first need to uncompress
    # the response, and thus, wouldn't be able to understand the
    # content.
    # https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_mime.html#addencoding
    <IfModule mod_mime.c>
       AddEncoding gzip
                                      SVQZ
    </IfModule>
</IfModule>
# / Content transformation
                                                                       /
# Prevent intermediate caches or proxies (e.g.: such as the ones
# used by mobile network providers) from modifying the website's
# content.
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2616#section-14.9.5
# (!) If you are using `mod_pagespeed`, please note that setting
# the `Cache-Control: no-transform` response header will prevent
# `PageSpeed` from rewriting `HTML` files, and, if the
# `ModPagespeedDisableRewriteOnNoTransform` directive isn't set
# to `off`, also from rewriting other resources.
# https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/module/configuration#notransform
# <IfModule mod headers, c>
     Header merge Cache-Control "no-transform"
# </IfModule>
```

```
/ ETags
# Remove `ETags` as resources are sent with far-future expires headers.
# https://developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7232#section-2.3
# `FileETag None` doesn't work in all cases.
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
   Header unset ETag
</IfModule>
FileETag None
 ______
# | Expires headers
# Serve resources with far-future expires headers.
# (!) If you don't control versioning with filename-based
# cache busting, you should consider lowering the cache times
# to something like one week.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_expires.html
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
   ExpiresActive on
                                                     "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresDefault
  # CSS
   ExpiresByType text/css
                                                     "access plus 1 year"
  # Data interchange
                                                     "access plus 1 hour"
   ExpiresByType application/atom+xml
                                                     "access plus 1 hour"
   ExpiresByType application/rdf+xml
                                                     "access plus 1 hour"
   ExpiresByType application/rss+xml
```

```
ExpiresByType application/json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
  ExpiresByType application/ld+json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
  ExpiresByType application/schema+json
  ExpiresByType application/vnd.geo+json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
  ExpiresBuTupe application/xml
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
  ExpiresByType text/xml
# Favicon (cannot be renamed!) and cursor images
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
  ExpiresBuTupe image/vnd.microsoft.icon
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
  ExpiresByType image/x-icon
# HTML
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
  ExpiresByType text/html
# JavaScript
  ExpiresBuTupe application/javascript
                                                       "access plus 1 year"
                                                       "access plus 1 year"
  ExpiresByType application/x-javascript
                                                       "access plus 1 year"
  ExpiresByType text/javascript
# Manifest files
                                                       "access plus 1 year"
  ExpiresByType application/manifest+json
  ExpiresByType application/x-web-app-manifest+json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
  ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
# Media files
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType audio/ogg
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType image/bmp
  ExpiresByType image/gif
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType image/jpeg
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType image/png
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType image/svg+xml
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType video/mp4
  ExpiresByType video/ogg
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType video/webm
# Web fonts
  # Embedded OpenType (EOT)
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
  ExpiresByType font/eot
```

```
# OpenType
                                                     "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType font/opentype
   # TrueType
                                                     "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf
   # Web Open Font Format (WOFF) 1.0
                                                     "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/font-woff
                                                     "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/x-font-woff
   ExpiresByType font/woff
                                                     "access plus 1 month"
   # Web Open Font Format (WOFF) 2.0
                                                     "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/font-woff2
  # Other
   ExpiresByType text/x-cross-domain-policy
                                                    "access plus 1 week"
</If Module>
                    _____
# Allow concatenation from within specific files.
# e.g.:
   If you have the following lines in a file called, for
   example, `main.combined.js`:
#
       <!--#include file="js/jquery.js" -->
       <!--#include file="js/jquery, timer.js" -->
#
#
   Apache will replace those lines with the content of the
#
   specified files.
# <IfModule mod include, c>
     <FilesMatch "\.combined\.js$">
#
         Options +Includes
#
         AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES application/javascript \
```

```
#
                                       application/x-javascript \
                                       text/javascript
         SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
     </FilesMatch>
     <FilesMatch "\.combined\.css$">
         Options +Includes
         AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES text/css
         SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
     </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>
 ______
# | Filename-based cache busting
# If you're not using a build process to manage your filename version
# revving, you might want to consider enabling the following directives
# to route all requests such as `/style.12345.css` to `/style.css`.
# To understand why this is important and even a better solution than
# using something like `*.css?v231`, please see:
# http://www.stevesouders.com/blog/2008/08/23/revving-filenames-dont-use-querystring/
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
     RewriteEngine On
     RewriteCond %(REQUEST_FILENAME) !-f
     RewriteRule ^(. +) \. (\d+) \. (bmpl cssl curl gifl icol jpe?gl jsl pngl svgz?l webp) $ $1. $3 [L]
# </IfModule>
```