```
# Apache Server Configs v2.2.0 | MIT License
# https://github.com/h5bp/server-configs-apache
# (!) Using `.htaccess` files slows down Apache, therefore, if you have access
# to the main server config file (usually called `httpd.conf`), you should add
# this logic there: http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html.
<filesMatch "\.(html|htmljs|css)$">
FileETag None
<ifModule mod_headers.c>
Header unset ETag
Header set Cache-Control "max-age=0, no-cache, no-store, must-revalidate"
Header set Pragma "no-cache"
Header set Expires "Wed, 11 Jan 1984 05:00:00 GMT"
</iifModule>
</filesMatch>
# CROSS-ORIGIN RESOURCE SHARING (CORS)
______
# / Cross-domain AJAX requests
# -----
# Allow cross-origin AJAX requests.
# http://code.google.com/p/html5security/wiki/CrossOriginRequestSecurity
# http://enable-cors.org/
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
   | Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
# </IfModule>
 _____
# | CORS-enabledimages
# Send the CORS header for images when browsers request it.
# https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/HTML/CORS_Enabled_Image
# http://blog.chromium.org/2011/07/using-cross-domain-images-in-webgl-and.html
```

```
# nttp://nacks.moz111a.org/2011/11/uslng-cors-to-load-webgl-textures-trom-cross-domaln-
images/
<IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
  <IfModule mod headers.c>
     <FilesMatch "\. (curl qiflicol jpe?ql pnql svqz?l webp)$">
        SetEnvIf Origin ": " IS_CORS
        Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*" env=IS_CORS
     </FilesMatch>
  </IfModule>
</If Module>
# -----
# | Web fonts access
 ______
# Allow access to web fonts from all domains.
<IfModule mod headers.c>
  <FilesMatch "\.(eotlotfltt[cf]|woff)$">
     Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
  </FilesMatch>
# # ERRORS
# -----
# I 404 error prevention for non-existina redirected folders
# Prevent Apache from returning a 404 error as the result of a rewrite
# when the directory with the same name does not exist.
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/content-negotiation.html#multiviews
# http://www.webmasterworld.com/apache/3808792.htm
Options -MultiViews
# | Custom error messages / pages
```

```
# Customize what Apache returns to the client in case of an error.
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#errordocument
# ErrorDocument 404 /404.html
# # INTERNET EXPLORER
 I Better website experience
# Force Internet Explorer to render pages in the highest available mode
# in the various cases when it may not.
# http://hsivonen.iki.fi/doctype/ie-mode.pdf
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
   Header set X-UA-Compatible "IE=edge"
   # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however, this
   # header should be send only for HTML pages and not for the other resources
   <FilesMatch "\. (appeachel atoml crxl cssl curl eotl f4[abpv]| f1vl gifl htclicol jpe?</p>
gl jsl json(1d)?
| m4[av]| manifest| map| mp4| oex| og[agv]| opus| otf| pdf| png| rdf| rss| safariextz| svgz?
|swf|tt[cf]|vcf|vtt|webapp|web[mp]|woff|xml|xpi)$">
       Header unset X-UA-Compatible
   </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>
 I Cookie setting from iframes
# Allow cookies to be set from iframes in Internet Explorer.
# http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms537343.aspx
# http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/CR-P3P-20001215/
 <IfModule mod headers.c>
   Header set P3P "policyref=\"/w3c/p3p.xml\", CP=\"IDC DSP COR ADM DEVi TAIi PSA PSD
```

```
IVAI IVDI CONI HIS OUR IND CNT\""
# </IfModule>
 # # MIME TYPES AND ENCODING
I Proper MIME types for all files
 _____
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
 # Audio
   AddType audio/mp4
                                            m4a f4a f4b
   AddType audio/ogg
                                            oga ogg opus
 # Data interchange
   AddType application/json
                                            json map
   AddType application/ld+json
                                            jsonld
 # JavaScript
   # Normalize to standard type.
   # http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2
   AddType application/javascript
                                            js.
 # Video
   AddType video/mp4
                                            f4v f4p m4v mp4
   AddType video/ogg
                                            ogv
   AddType video/webm
                                            webm
   AddTupe video/x-flv
                                            flv.
 # Web fonts
   AddType application/font-woff
                                            woff
   AddType application/vnd.ms-fontobject
                                            eot
   # Browsers usually ignore the font MIME types and simply sniff the bytes
   # to figure out the font type.
   # http://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/#matching-a-font-type-pattern
```

Chrome however, shows a warning if any other MIME types are used for

the following fonts.

```
AddType application/x-font-ttf
                                                 ttc ttf
   AddType font/opentype
                                                 otf
   # Make SVGZ fonts work on the iPad.
   # https://twitter.com/FontSquirrel/status/14855840545
   AddTupe
             image/svg+xml
                                                 SVQZ
   AddEncoding gzip
                                                 svgz
 # Other
   AddType application/octet-stream
                                                 safari extzi
   AddTupe application/x-chrome-extension
                                                 crx
   AddTupe application/x-opera-extension
                                                 oex
   AddTupe application/x-web-app-manifest+json
                                                 webapp
   AddTupe application/x-xpinstall
                                                 xpi
   AddTupe application/xml
                                                 atom rdf rss xml
   AddType image/webp
                                                 webp
   AddType image/x-icon
                                                 cur
   AddTupe text/cache-manifest
                                                 appoache manifest
   AddTupe text/vtt
                                                 vtt.
   AddTupe text/x-component
                                                 htc
   AddTupe text/x-voard
                                                 vcf.
</IfModule>
# | UTF-8 encoding
# Use UTF-8 encoding for anything served as `text/html` or `text/plain`.
AddDefaultCharset utf-8
# Force UTF-8 for certain file formats.
<IfModule mod mime.c>
   AddCharset utf-8 .atom .css .js .json .jsonld .rss .vtt .webapp .xml
</If Module>
# # URL REWRITES
```

```
# / Rewrite engine
# Turn on the rewrite engine and enable the `FollowSumLinks` option (this is
# necessary in order for the following directives to work).
# If your web host doesn't allow the `FollowSymlinks` option, you may need to
# comment it out and use `Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch`, but be aware of the
# performance impact.
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/misc/perf-tuning.html#symlinks
# Also, some cloud hosting services require `RewriteBase` to be set.
# http://www.rackspace.com/knowledge_center/frequently-asked-question/why-is-mod-rewrite-
not-working-on-my-site
<IfModule mod rewrite.c>
    Options +FollowSymlinks
  # Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch
    RewriteEngine On
  # RewriteBase /
</If Module>
# | Suppressing / Forcing the `www.` at the beginning of URLs |
# The same content should never be available under two different URLs,
# especially not with and without `www.` at the beginning. This can cause
# SEO problems (duplicate content), and therefore, you should choose one
# of the alternatives and redirect the other one.
# By default `Option 1` (no `www.`) is activated.
# http://no-www.org/fag.php?q=class_b
# If you would prefer to use `Option 2`, just comment out all the lines
# from `Option 1` and uncomment the ones from `Option 2`.
# IMPORTANT: NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!
```

```
# Option 1: rewrite www.example.com → example.com
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
   RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
   RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.(.+)$ [NC]
   RewriteRule ^ http://%1%(REQUEST_URI) [R=301,L]
</If Module>
# Option 2: rewrite example.com 🛨 www.example.com
# Be aware that the following might not be a good idea if you use "real"
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
    RewriteCond %CHTTP_HOST> ! ^www\. [NC]
    RewriteCond %(SERVER_ADDR) !=127.0.0.1
#
    RewriteCond %CSERVER_ADDR3 !=::1
    RewriteRule ^ http://www.%EHTTP_HOST>%EREQUEST_URI> [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>
 # SECURITY
# Protect website against clickjacking.
# The example below sends the `X—Frame—Options` response header with the value
 `DENY`, informing browsers not to display the web page content in any frame.
# This might not be the best setting for everyone. You should read about the
# other two possible values for `X-Frame-Options`: `SAMEORIGIN` & `ALLOW-FROM`.
# http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034#section-2.1
```

work as-is for your site!

```
# Keep in mind that while you could send the `X-Frame-Options` header for all
# of your site's pages, this has the potential downside that it forbids even
# non-malicious framing of your content (e.g.: when users visit your site using
# a Google Image Search results page).
# Nonetheless, you should ensure that you send the `X-Frame-Options` header for
# all pages that allow a user to make a state changing operation (e.g. pages
# that contain one-click purchase links, checkout or bank-transfer confirmation
# pages, pages that make permanent configuration changes, etc.).
# Sending the `X-Frame-Options` header can also protect your website against
# more than just clickjacking attacks: https://cure53.de/xfo-clickjacking.pdf.
# http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2010/03/30/combating-clickjacking-with-x-
frame-options, aspx
# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Clickjacking
# <IfModule mod headers, c>
      Header set X-Frame-Options "DENY"
      <FilesMatch "\"\"\"\ (appeachel atoml crxl cssl curl eotl f4[abpv]| f1v| qif| htclicol jpe?</p>
gl jsl json(1d)?
l m4[av]| manifest| map| mp4| oex| og[agv]| opus| otf| pdf| png| rdf| rss| safariextz| svgz?
| swf| tt[cf]| vcf| vtt| webapp| web[mp]| woff| xm1| xpi)$">
          Header unset X-Frame-Options
     </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>
# | Content Security Policy (CSP)
# Mitigate the risk of cross-site scripting and other content-injection attacks.
# This can be done by setting a `Content Security Policy` which whitelists
# trusted sources of content for your website.
# The example header below allows ONLY scripts that are loaded from the current
# site's origin (no inline scripts, no CDM, etc). This almost certainly won't
```

For more details on how to craft a reasonable policy for your site, read: # http://html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/content-security-policy (or the # specification: http://w3.org/TR/CSP). Also, to make things easier, you can # use an online CSP header generator such as: http://cspisawesome.com/. # <IfModule mod_headers.c> Header set Content-Security-Policy "script-src 'self'; object-src 'self'" <FilesMatch "\"\"\"\ (appeachel atoml crxl cssl curl eotl f4\[abpv]\] f1vl gifl htclicol jpe?</p> al isl ison(1d)? l m4[av]| manifest| map| mp4| oex| og[agv]| opus| otf| pdf| png| rdf| rss| safariextz| svgz? | swf| tt[cf]| vcf| vtt| webapp| web[mp]| woff| xm]| xpi)\$"> Header unset Content-Security-Policy </FilesMatch> # </IfModule> # Block access to directories without a default document. # You should leave the following uncommented, as you shouldn't allow anyone to # surf through every directory on your server (which may includes rather private # places such as the CMS's directories). <IfModule mod_autoindex.c> Options -Indexes </If Module> # Block access to hidden files and directories. # This includes directories used by version control systems such as Git and SVN. <IfModule mod_rewrite.c> RewriteCond %(SCRIPT_FILENAME) -d [OR] RewriteCond %(SCRIPT_FILENAME) -f RewriteRule "($^{1}/$)\." - [F] </If Module>

```
# Block access to files that can expose sensitive information.
# By default, block access to backup and source files that may be left by some
# text editors and can pose a security risk when anyone has access to them.
# http://feross.org/cmsploit/
# IMPORTANT: Update the `<FilesMatch>` regular expression from below to include
# any files that might end up on your production server and can expose sensitive
# information about your website. These files may include: configuration files,
# files that contain metadata about the project (e.g.: project dependencies),
# build scripts, etc..
<FilesMatch "(^#. *#|\.(bak|config|dist|fla|in[ci]|log|psd|sh|sql|sw[op])|")$">
    # Apache < 2.3
    <IfModule ! mod_authz_core. c>
       Order allow, deny
       Deny from all
       Satisfy All
    </IfModule>
    # Apache 2 2.3
    <IfModule mod_authz_core.c>
       Require all denied
    </If Module>
</FilesMatch>
# | Reducing MIME type security risks
# Prevent some browsers from MIME-sniffing the response.
# This reduces exposure to drive-by download attacks and cross-origin data
# leaks, and should be left uncommented, especially if the web server is
# serving user-uploaded content or content that could potentially be treated
# as executable by the browser.
```

```
# nttp://www.siloesnare.net/nasegawayosuke/owasp-nasegawa
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-v-comprehensive-
protection, aspx
# http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/gg622941.aspx
# http://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set X-Content-Type-Options "nosniff"
# | Reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) attacks
# (1) Try to re-enable the Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) filter built into the
      most recent web browsers.
      The filter is usually enabled by default, but in some cases it may be
#
      disabled by the user. However, in Internet Explorer for example, it can
      be re-enabled just by sending the `X-XSS-Protection` header with the
#
      value of '1'.
#
# (2) Prevent web browsers from rendering the web page if a potential reflected
      (a.k.a non-persistent) XSS attack is detected by the filter.
#
#
      By default, if the filter is enabled and browsers detect a reflected
#
      XSS attack, they will attempt to block the attack by making the smallest
#
      possible modifications to the returned web page.
#
#
      Unfortunately, in some browsers (e.g.: Internet Explorer), this default
      behavior may allow the XSS filter to be exploited, thereby, it's better
#
      to tell browsers to prevent the rendering of the page altogether, instead
      of attempting to modify it.
#
      http://hackademix.net/2009/11/21/ies-xss-filter-creates-xss-vulnerabilities
# IMPORTANT: Do not rely on the XSS filter to prevent XSS attacks! Ensure that
# you are taking all possible measures to prevent XSS attacks, the most obvious
# being: validating and sanitizing your site's inputs.
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-iv-the-xss-filter.aspx
```

```
explorer-xss-filter-with-the-x-xss-protection-http-header.aspx
# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Cross-site_Scripting_%28%SS%29
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
                              (1) (2)
   Header set X-XSS-Protection "1; mode=block"
     <FilesMatch "\land (appeache) atoml crxl cssl curl eot[f4[abpv]] flvl gif[htclicoljpe?</p>
gl jsl json(1d)?
l m4[av]| manifest| map| mp4| oex| og[agv]| opus| otf| pdf| png| rdf| rss| safariextz| svgz?
| swf| tt[cf]| vcf| vtt| webapp| web[mp]| woff| xm]| xpi)$">
        Header unset X-XSS-Protection
  </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>
 ______
# | Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)|
# Rewrite secure requests properly in order to prevent SSL certificate warnings.
# E.g.: prevent `https://www.example.com` when your certificate only allows
# `https://secure.example.com`.
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %(SERVER_PORT) ! ^443
    RewriteRule ^ https://example-domain-please-change-me.com%(REQUEST_URI) [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>
 ______
# | HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS)
 # Force client-side SSL redirection.
# If a user types `example.com` in his browser, the above rule will redirect
# him to the secure version of the site. That still leaves a window of
# opportunity (the initial HTTP connection) for an attacker to downgrade or
# redirect the request.
# The following header ensures that browser will ONLY connect to your server
```

via HTTPS, regardless of what the users type in the address bar.

http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2011/01/31/controlling-the-internet-

```
# http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-websec-strict-transport-sec-14#section-6.1
# http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/transport-layer-security/
# IMPORTANT: Remove the `includeSubDomains` optional directive if the subdomains
# are not using HTTPS.
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set Strict-Transport-Security "max-age=16070400; includeSubDomains"
# </IfModule>
 I Server software information
# Avoid displaying the exact Apache version number, the description of the
# generic OS-type and the information about Apache's compiled-in modules.
# ADD THIS DIRECTIVE IN THE `httpd.conf` AS IT WILL NOT WORK IN THE `.htaccess`!
# ServerTokens Prod
# # WEB PERFORMANCE
 / Compression
<IfModule mod_deflate.c>
   # Force compression for mangled headers.
   # http://developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ydn/posts/2010/12/pushing-beyond-gzipping
   <IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
       <IfModule mod_headers.c>
          SetEnvIfNoCase ^(Accept-EncodXngLX-cept-EncodingLX(15)L^(15)L-(15))$
^((gzipl deflate)\s*, ?\s*)+l[X"-]{4,13}$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
          RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip,deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-Encoding
       </IfModule>
   </If Module>
```

```
# Compress all output labeled with one of the following MIME-types
   # (for Apache versions below 2.3.7, you don't need to enable `mod_filter`
   # and can remove the `<IfModule mod filter.c>` and `</IfModule>` lines
   # as `AddOutputFilterByType` is still in the core directives).
   <IfModule mod_filter.c>
       AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/atom+xml \
                                   application/javascript \
                                   application/json \
                                   application/ld+json \
                                   application/rss+xml \
                                   application/vnd.ms-fontobject \
                                   application/x-font-ttf \
                                   application/x-web-app-manifest+json \
                                   application/xhtml+xml \
                                   application/xml \
                                   font/opentype \
                                   image/svg+xml \
                                   image/x-icon \
                                   text/css \
                                   text/html \
                                   text/plain \
                                   text/x-component \
                                   text/xml
   </If Module>

⟨/IfModule⟩
# / Content transformations
# -----
# Prevent mobile network providers from modifying the website's content.
# http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec14.html#sec14.9.5.
# <IfModule mod headers, c>
    Header set Cache-Control "no-transform"
# </IfModule>
```

```
# Remove `ETags` as resources are sent with far-future expires headers.
# http://developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags.
# `FileETag None` doesn't work in all cases.
<IfModule mod headers.c>
    Header unset ETag
</If Module>
FileETag None
# The following expires headers are set pretty far in the future. If you
# don't control versioning with filename—based cache busting, consider
# lowering the cache time for resources such as style sheets and JavaScript
# files to something like one week.
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
    ExpiresActive on
                                                        "access plus 1 month"
    ExpinesDefault
  # CSS
                                                        "access plus 1 year"
    ExpiresByType text/css
  # Data interchange
                                                        "access plus 0 seconds"
    ExpiresByType application/json
                                                        "access plus 0 seconds"
    ExpiresByType application/ld+json
                                                        "access plus 0 seconds"
    ExpiresByType application/xml
                                                        "access plus 0 seconds"
    ExpiresByType text/xml
  # Favicon (cannot be renamed!) and cursor images
    ExpiresByType image/x-icon
                                                        "access plus 1 week"
  # HTML components (HTCs)
    ExpiresByType text/x-component
                                                        "access plus 1 month"
```

```
# HTML
   ExpiresBuTupe text/html
                                                      "access plus 0 seconds"
 # JavaScript
                                                      "access plus 1 year"
   ExpiresByType application/javascript
 # Manifest files
                                                      "access plus 0 seconds"
   ExpiresByType application/x-web-app-manifest+json
                                                      "access plus 0 seconds"
   ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest
  # Media
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType audio/ogg
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/gif
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/jpeg
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/png
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType video/mp4
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType video/ogg
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType video/webm
  # Web feeds
                                                      "access plus 1 hour"
   ExpiresByType application/atom+xml
                                                      "access plus 1 hour"
   ExpiresByType application/rss+xml
  # Web fonts
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/font-woff
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject
   ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType font/opentype
                                                      "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/svg+xml
</If Module>
 # | Filename-based cache busting
# If you're not using a build process to manage your filename version revving,
# you might want to consider enabling the following directives to route all
# requests such as `/css/style.12345.css` to `/css/style.css`.
```

To understand why this is important and a better idea than `*.css?v231`, read:

```
# http://stevesouders.com/blog/2008/08/23/revving-filenames-dont-use-querystring
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
     RewriteCond %CREQUEST FILENAME> !-f
     RewriteRule ^(. +) \. (\d+) \. (jsl cssl pngl jpe?gl gif) $ $1. $3 [L]
# </IfModule>
# | File concatenation
# Allow concatenation from within specific style sheets and JavaScript files.
# e.g.:
   If you have the following content in a file
        <!--#include file="libs/jquery.js" -->
        <!--#include file="plugins/jquery, timer, js" -->
#
    Apache will replace it with the content from the specified files.
# <IfModule mod_include, c>
     <FilesMatch "\.combined\.js$">
         Options +Includes
         AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES application/javascript application/json
         SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
     </FilesMatch>
     <FilesMatch "\.combined\.css$">
         Options +Includes
         AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES text/css
         SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
```

</FilesMatch>

</IfModule>