

```

# Apache Server Configs v2.13.0 | MIT License
# https://github.com/h5bp/server-configs-apache

# (!) Using `.htaccess` files slows down Apache, therefore, if you have
# access to the main server configuration file (which is usually called
# `httpd.conf`), you should add this logic there.
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html.

# -----
# | Cross-origin web fonts |
# -----

# Allow cross-origin access to web fonts.

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    <FilesMatch "\.(eot|otf|tt[cf]|woff2?)$">
        Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
    </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>

# #####
# # ERRORS #
# #####

# -----
# | Custom error messages/pages |
# -----

# Customize what Apache returns to the client in case of an error.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#errordocument

# ErrorDocument 404 /404.html

# -----
# | Error prevention |
# -----

# Disable the pattern matching based on filenames.
#
# This setting prevents Apache from returning a 404 error on the result

```

```
# This setting prevents Apache from returning a 404 error as the result
# of a rewrite when the directory with the same name does not exist.
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/content-negotiation.html#multiviews
```

Options -MultiViews

```
# #####
# # INTERNET EXPLORER #
# #####

# -----
# | Document modes |
# -----

# Force Internet Explorer 8/9/10 to render pages in the highest mode
# available in the various cases when it may not.
#
# https://hsivonen.fi/doctype/#ie8
#
# (!) Starting with Internet Explorer 11, document modes are deprecated.
# If your business still relies on older web apps and services that were
# designed for older versions of Internet Explorer, you might want to
# consider enabling `Enterprise Mode` throughout your company.
#
# https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/bg182625.aspx#docmode
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2014/04/02/stay-up-to-date-with-enterprise-mode-for-
internet-explorer-11.aspx
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
```

```
Header set X-UA-Compatible "IE=edge"
```

```
# `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
# the `X-UA-Compatible` response header should be send only for
# HTML documents and not for the other resources.
```

```
<FilesMatch "\.
```

```
(appcache|atom|bbaw|bml|crl|css|curl|eot|f4[abpv]|flv|geojson|gif|htcl|icol|jpe?
|j|j|json|ld)?
|m4[av]|manifest|map|mp4|oex|og[agv]|opus|otf|pdf|png|rdf|rss|safariextz|svgz?
|vml|wasm|x-ox|xml|zip)$"
```

```
| swft| topojson| ttf| cf| | ttf| | vcard| vcf| | vtt| | webapp| | web| mp| | woff| 2?| | x| | ocl| | xml| | xpi| )$" >
```

```
Header unset X-UA-Compatible
```

```
</FilesMatch>
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# #####  
# # MEDIA TYPES AND CHARACTER ENCODINGS #  
# #####  
  
# -----  
# | Media types |  
# -----  
  
# Serve resources with the proper media types (f. k. a. MIME types).  
#  
# https://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/media-types.xhtml  
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_mime.html#addtype
```

```
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
```

```
  # Data interchange
```

```
  AddType application/atom+xml                atom  
  AddType application/json                    json map topojson  
  AddType application/ld+json                jsonld  
  AddType application/rss+xml                rss  
  AddType application/vnd.geo+json           geojson  
  AddType application/xml                    rdf xml
```

```
  # JavaScript
```

```
  # Normalize to standard type.  
  # https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2
```

```
  AddType application/javascript              js
```

```
  # Manifest files
```

```
  # If you are providing a web application manifest file (see  
  # the specification: https://w3c.github.io/manifest/), it is
```

```
# recommended that you serve it with the `application/manifest+json`
# media type.
#
# Because the web application manifest file doesn't have its
# own unique file extension, you can set its media type either
# by matching:
#
# 1) the exact location of the file (this can be done using a
#    directive such as ``, but it will NOT work in
#    the `.htaccess` file, so you will have to do it in the main
#    server configuration file or inside of a ``
#    container)
#
#    e. g. :
#
#        <Location "/.well-known/manifest.json">
#            AddType application/manifest+json          json
#        </Location>
#
# 2) the filename (this can be problematic as you will need to
#    ensure that you don't have any other file with the same name
#    as the one you gave to your web application manifest file)
#
#    e. g. :
#
#        <Files "manifest.json">
#            AddType application/manifest+json          json
#        </Files>
```

```
AddType application/x-web-app-manifest+json    webapp
AddType text/cache-manifest                    appcache
```

Media files

```
AddType audio/mp4                f4a f4b m4a
AddType audio/ogg                  oga ogg opus
AddType image/bmp                  bmp
AddType image/svg+xml              svg svgz
AddType image/webp                 webp
AddType video/mp4                  f4v f4p m4v mp4
AddType video/ogg                  ogv
```

```
AddType video/webm                webm
AddType video/x-flv                flv

# Serving `.ico` image files with a different media type
# prevents Internet Explorer from displaying them as images:
# https://github.com/h5bp/html5-boilerplate/commit/37b5fec090d00f38de64b591bcddcb205aadf8ee

AddType image/x-icon               cur ico

# Web fonts

AddType application/font-woff      woff
AddType application/font-woff2     woff2
AddType application/vnd.ms-fontobject eot

# Browsers usually ignore the font media types and simply sniff
# the bytes to figure out the font type.
# https://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/#matching-a-font-type-pattern
#
# However, Blink and WebKit based browsers will show a warning
# in the console if the following font types are served with any
# other media types.

AddType application/x-font-ttf      ttc ttf
AddType font/opentype              otf

# Other

AddType application/octet-stream    safariextz
AddType application/x-bb-appworld    bbaw
AddType application/x-chrome-extension crx
AddType application/x-opera-extension oex
AddType application/x-xpinstall      xpi
AddType text/vcard                   vcard vcf
AddType text/vnd.rim.location.xloc    xloc
AddType text/vtt                     vtt
AddType text/x-component             htc

</IfModule>
```

```
# #####
# # REWRITES #
# #####

# -----
# | Rewrite engine |
# -----

# (1) Turn on the rewrite engine (this is necessary in order for
# the `RewriteRule` directives to work).
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_rewrite.html#RewriteEngine
#
# (2) Enable the `FollowSymLinks` option if it isn't already.
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#options
#
# (3) If your web host doesn't allow the `FollowSymLinks` option,
# you need to comment it out or remove it, and then uncomment
# the `Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch` line (4), but be aware
# of the performance impact.
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/misc/perf-tuning.html#symlinks
#
# (4) Some cloud hosting services will require you set `RewriteBase`.
#
# https://www.rackspace.com/knowledge\_center/frequently-asked-question/why-is-modrewrite-not-working-on-my-site
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_rewrite.html#rewritebase
#
# (5) Depending on how your server is set up, you may also need to
# use the `RewriteOptions` directive to enable some options for
# the rewrite engine.
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_rewrite.html#rewriteoptions
#
# (6) Set %(ENV:PROTO) variable, to allow rewrites to redirect with the
# appropriate schema automatically (http or https).
```

```
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
```

```
# (1)
RewriteEngine On

# (2)
Options +FollowSymlinks

# (3)
# Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch

# (4)
# RewriteBase /

# (5)
# RewriteOptions <options>

# (6)
RewriteCond %{HTTPS} =on
RewriteRule ^ - [env=proto:https]
RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
RewriteRule ^ - [env=proto:http]

</IfModule>

# -----
# | Forcing `https://` |
# -----

# Redirect from the `http://` to the `https://` version of the URL.
# https://wiki.apache.org/httpd/RewriteHTTPToHTTPS

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#   RewriteEngine On
#   RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
#   RewriteRule ^(.*)$ https://%{HTTP_HOST}/$1 [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Suppressing / Forcing the `www.` at the beginning of URLs |
# -----

# The same content should never be available under two different
```

```
# URLs, especially not with and without `www.` at the beginning,
# This can cause SEO problems (duplicate content), and therefore,
# you should choose one of the alternatives and redirect the other
# one.
#
# By default `Option 1` (no `www.`) is activated.
# http://no-www.org/faq.php?q=class_b
#
# If you would prefer to use `Option 2`, just comment out all the
# lines from `Option 1` and uncomment the ones from `Option 2`.
#
# (!) NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!

# -----

# Option 1: rewrite www.example.com + example.com

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteEngine On
#     RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
#     RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.(.+\)$ [NC]
#     RewriteRule ^ %{ENV:PROTO}://%1%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

# -----

# Option 2: rewrite example.com + www.example.com
#
# Be aware that the following might not be a good idea if you use "real"
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteEngine On
#     RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
#     RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\.[NC]
#     RewriteCond %{SERVER_ADDR} !=127.0.0.1
#     RewriteCond %{SERVER_ADDR} !=::1
#     RewriteRule ^ %{ENV:PROTO}://www.%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

# #####
```



```

.....
# # SECURITY #
# #####

# -----
# | File access |
# -----

# Block access to directories without a default document.
#
# You should leave the following uncommented, as you shouldn't allow
# anyone to surf through every directory on your server (which may
# includes rather private places such as the CMS's directories).

<IfModule mod_autoindex.c>
    Options -Indexes
</IfModule>

# -----

# Block access to all hidden files and directories with the exception of
# the visible content from within the `/.well-known/` hidden directory.
#
# These types of files usually contain user preferences or the preserved
# state of an utility, and can include rather private places like, for
# example, the `.git` or `.svn` directories.
#
# The `/.well-known/` directory represents the standard (RFC 5785) path
# prefix for "well-known locations" (e.g.: `/.well-known/manifest.json`,
# `/.well-known/keybase.txt`), and therefore, access to its visible
# content should not be blocked.
#
# https://www.mnot.net/blog/2010/04/07/well-known
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5785

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteEngine On
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_URI} "!(^/)\.well-known/([^\./]+./?)+$" [NC]
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -d [OR]
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -f
    RewriteRule "(^/)\." - [F]
</IfModule>

```

```

# -----

# Block access to files that can expose sensitive information.
#
# By default, block access to backup and source files that may be
# left by some text editors and can pose a security risk when anyone
# has access to them.
#
# http://feross.org/cmsploit/
#
# (!) Update the `<FilesMatch>` regular expression from below to
# include any files that might end up on your production server and
# can expose sensitive information about your website. These files may
# include: configuration files, files that contain metadata about the
# project (e.g.: project dependencies), build scripts, etc..

<FilesMatch "(^#.#|\.|(bak|conf|dist|fla|in[ci]|log|psd|sh|sql|sw[op])|")$" >

    # Apache < 2.3
    <IfModule !mod_authz_core.c>
        Order allow,deny
        Deny from all
        Satisfy All
    </IfModule>

    # Apache ≥ 2.3
    <IfModule mod_authz_core.c>
        Require all denied
    </IfModule>

</FilesMatch>

# -----
# | Reducing MIME type security risks |
# -----

# Prevent some browsers from MIME-sniffing the response.
#
# This reduces exposure to drive-by download attacks and cross-origin
# data leaks, and should be left commented, even if the server

```

```
# data leaks, and should be left uncommented, especially if the server
# is serving user-uploaded content or content that could potentially be
# treated as executable by the browser.
#
# http://www.slideshare.net/hasegawayosuke/owasp-hasegawa
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-v-comprehensive-
# protection.aspx
# https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/gg622941.aspx
# https://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set X-Content-Type-Options "nosniff"
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----
# | Server-side technology information |
# -----
```

```
# Remove the `X-Powered-By` response header that:
#
# * is set by some frameworks and server-side languages
#   (e.g.: ASP.NET, PHP), and its value contains information
#   about them (e.g.: their name, version number)
#
# * doesn't provide any value as far as users are concern,
#   and in some cases, the information provided by it can
#   be used by attackers
#
# (!) If you can, you should disable the `X-Powered-By` header from the
# language / framework level (e.g.: for PHP, you can do that by setting
# `expose_php = off` in `php.ini`)
#
# https://php.net/manual/en/ini.core.php#ini.expose-php
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header unset X-Powered-By
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----
# | Server software information |
# -----
```

```
# Prevent Apache from adding a trailing footer line containing
# information about the server to the server-generated documents
# (e.g.: error messages, directory listings, etc.)
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#serversignature
```

```
ServerSignature Off
```

```
# -----
```

```
# Prevent Apache from sending in the `Server` response header its
# exact version number, the description of the generic OS-type or
# information about its compiled-in modules.
#
# (!) The `ServerTokens` directive will only work in the main server
# configuration file, so don't try to enable it in the `.htaccess` file!
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#servertokens
```

```
#ServerTokens Prod
```

```
# #####
# # WEB PERFORMANCE #
# #####
```

```
# -----
# | Compression |
# -----
```

```
<IfModule mod_deflate.c>
```

```
    # Force compression for mangled `Accept-Encoding` request headers
    # https://developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ydn/pushing-beyond-gzipping-25601.html
```

```
    <IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
```

```
        <IfModule mod_headers.c>
```

```
            SetEnvIfNoCase ^(\Accept-EncodXng|X-cept-Encoding|X(15)|^(15)|-(15))$
```

```
            ^((gzip|deflate)\s*,?\s*)+([X"]-){4,13}$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
```

```
            RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip, deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-Encoding
```

```
        </IfModule>
```



```
"text/vnd.rim.location.xloc" \  
"text/vtt" \  
"text/x-component" \  
"text/x-cross-domain-policy" \  
"text/xml"
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
  
# Map the following filename extensions to the specified  
# encoding type in order to make Apache serve the file types  
# with the appropriate `Content-Encoding` response header  
# (do note that this will NOT make Apache compress them!).  
#  
# If these files types would be served without an appropriate  
# `Content-Enable` response header, client applications (e.g.:  
# browsers) wouldn't know that they first need to uncompress  
# the response, and thus, wouldn't be able to understand the  
# content.  
#  
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_mime.html#addencoding
```

```
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
```

```
    AddEncoding gzip          svgz
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# | Content transformation |  
# -----
```

```
# Prevent intermediate caches or proxies (e.g.: such as the ones  
# used by mobile network providers) from modifying the website's  
# content.  
#  
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2616#section-14.9.5  
#  
# (!) If you are using `mod_pagespeed`, please note that setting  
# the `Cache-Control: no-transform` response header will prevent
```

```
# `PageSpeed` from rewriting `HTML` files, and, if the
# `ModPagespeedDisableRewriteOnNoTransform` directive isn't set
# to `off`, also from rewriting other resources.
#
# https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/module/configuration#notransform
```

```
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#     Header merge Cache-Control "no-transform"
# </IfModule>
```

```
# -----
# | ETags                                                                    |
# -----
```

```
# Remove `ETags` as resources are sent with far-future expires headers.
#
# https://developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7232#section-2.3
```

```
# `FileETag None` doesn't work in all cases.
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header unset ETag
</IfModule>
```

FileETag None

```
# -----
# | Expires headers                                                            |
# -----
```

```
# Serve resources with far-future expires headers.
#
# (!) If you don't control versioning with filename-based
# cache busting, you should consider lowering the cache times
# to something like one week.
#
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_expires.html
```

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
    ExpiresActive on
```

```

ExpiresDefault "access plus 1 month"

# CSS
ExpiresByType text/css "access plus 1 year"

# Data interchange
ExpiresByType application/atom+xml "access plus 1 hour"
ExpiresByType application/rdf+xml "access plus 1 hour"
ExpiresByType application/rss+xml "access plus 1 hour"

ExpiresByType application/json "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType application/ld+json "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType application/schema+json "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType application/vnd.geo+json "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType application/xml "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType text/xml "access plus 0 seconds"

# Favicon (cannot be renamed!) and cursor images
ExpiresByType image/vnd.microsoft.icon "access plus 1 week"
ExpiresByType image/x-icon "access plus 1 week"

# HTML
ExpiresByType text/html "access plus 0 seconds"

# JavaScript
ExpiresByType application/javascript "access plus 1 year"
ExpiresByType application/x-javascript "access plus 1 year"
ExpiresByType text/javascript "access plus 1 year"

# Manifest files
ExpiresByType application/manifest+json "access plus 1 year"

ExpiresByType application/x-web-app-manifest+json "access plus 0 seconds"
ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest "access plus 0 seconds"

# Media files
ExpiresByType audio/ogg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/bmp "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/gif "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/jpeg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/png "access plus 1 month"

```



```
ExpiresByType image/svg+xml "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/webp "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/mp4 "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/ogg "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/webm "access plus 1 month"
```

Web fonts

Embedded OpenType (EOT)

```
ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType font/eot "access plus 1 month"
```

OpenType

```
ExpiresByType font/opentype "access plus 1 month"
```

TrueType

```
ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf "access plus 1 month"
```

Web Open Font Format (WOFF) 1.0

```
ExpiresByType application/font-woff "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/x-font-woff "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType font/woff "access plus 1 month"
```

Web Open Font Format (WOFF) 2.0

```
ExpiresByType application/font-woff2 "access plus 1 month"
```

Other

```
ExpiresByType text/x-cross-domain-policy "access plus 1 week"
```

</IfModule>

```
# -----
# | File concatenation |
# -----
```

Allow concatenation from within specific files.

#

e.g.:

#

If you have the following lines in a file called, for

example, `main_combined.is`:

```

#
#      <!--#include file="js/jquery.js" -->
#      <!--#include file="js/jquery.timer.js" -->
#
#  Apache will replace those lines with the content of the
#  specified files.

# <IfModule mod_include.c>
#   <FilesMatch "\.combined\.js$" >
#       Options +Includes
#       AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES application/javascript \
#                                       application/x-javascript \
#                                       text/javascript
#       SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
#   </FilesMatch>
#   <FilesMatch "\.combined\.css$" >
#       Options +Includes
#       AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES text/css
#       SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
#   </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Filename-based cache busting |
# -----

# If you're not using a build process to manage your filename version
# revving, you might want to consider enabling the following directives
# to route all requests such as `/style.12345.css` to `/style.css`.
#
# To understand why this is important and even a better solution than
# using something like `*.css?v231`, please see:
# http://www.stevesouders.com/blog/2008/08/23/revving-filenames-dont-use-querystring/

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#   RewriteEngine On
#   RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
#   RewriteRule ^(.+)\.(\d+)\.(bmp|css|curl|gif|ico|jpe?g|js|png|svgz?|webp)$ $1.$3 [L]
# </IfModule>

# BEGIN WordPress

```

```
# ULQJLH WUJ UFI C33
```

```
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>  
RewriteEngine On  
RewriteBase /  
RewriteRule ^index\.php$ - [L]  
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f  
RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d  
RewriteRule . /index.php [L]  
</IfModule>
```

```
# END WordPress
```