```
# # Development Robots
# Change some-development-domain to the domain where you develop your
# site. This will prevent bots (google) from indexing the development
# version of your site.
# http://stackoverflow.com/guestions/4904642/disallow-or-noindex-on-subdomain-with-robots-
txt
# BEGIN robots check
<IfModule mod rewrite.c>
RewriteEngine On
RewriteCond %(HTTP_HOST) ^(.*).some_development_domain.[com/net/cloud] [NC]
RewriteRule ^robots, txt$ /robots-dev, txt [L.NC]
# END robots check
# # WordPress
 # BEGIN WordPress
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
RewriteEngine On
RewriteBase /
RewriteRule ^index\.php$ - [L]
RewriteCond %(REQUEST_FILENAME) !-f
RewriteCond %(REQUEST_FILENAME) !-d
RewriteRule . /index.php [L]
# END WordPress
# Apache Server Configs v2.14.0 | MIT License
# https://github.com/h5bp/server-configs-apache
# (!) Using `.htaccess` files slows down Apache, therefore, if you have
# access to the main server configuration file (which is usually called
 `httpd.conf`), you should add this logic there.
```

```
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html.
# # CROSS-ORIGIN
# -----
# / Cross-origin requests
 _____
# Allow cross-origin requests.
# https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Access_control_CORS
# http://enable-cors.org/
# http://www.w3.org/TR/cors/
# <IfModule mod headers, c>
    Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
# </IfModule>
# -----
# / Cross-origin images
 ______
# Send the CORS header for images when browsers request it.
# https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML/CORS_enabled_image
# https://blog.chromium.org/2011/07/using-cross-domain-images-in-webgl-and.html
<IfModule mod setenvif.c>
  <IfModule mod headers.c>
     <FilesMatch "\.(bmpl curl giflicol jpe?gl pngl svgz?l webp)$">
        SetEnvIf Origin ": " IS_CORS
        Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*" env=IS_CORS
     </FilesMatch>
  </If Module>
# / Cross-origin web fonts
```

```
# Allow cross-origin access to web fonts.
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
   <FilesMatch "\.(eotlotfltt[cf]|woff2?)$">
      Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
   </FilesMatch>
I Cross-origin resource timing
# Allow cross-origin access to the timing information for all resources.
# If a resource isn't served with a `Timing-Allow-Origin` header that
# would allow its timing information to be shared with the document,
# some of the attributes of the `PerformanceResourceTiming` object will
# be set to zero.
# http://www.w3.org/TR/resource-timing/
# http://www.stevesouders.com/blog/2014/08/21/resource-timing-practical-tips/
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
     Header set Timing-Allow-Origin: "*"
# </IfModule>
# # ERRORS
 / Custom error messages/pages
# Customize what Apache returns to the client in case of an error.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#errordocument
```

```
# Disable the pattern matching based on filenames.
# This setting prevents Apache from returning a 404 error as the result
# of a rewrite when the directory with the same name does not exist.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/content-negotiation.html#multiviews
Options -MultiViews
# INTERNET EXPLORER
_____
# | Document modes
# Force Internet Explorer 8/9/10 to render pages in the highest mode
# available in the various cases when it may not.
# https://hsivonen.fi/doctype/#ie8
# (!) Starting with Internet Explorer 11, document modes are deprecated.
# If your business still relies on older web apps and services that were
# designed for older versions of Internet Explorer, you might want to
# consider enabling `Enterprise Mode` throughout your company.
# https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/bg182625.aspx#docmode
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2014/04/02/stay-up-to-date-with-enterprise-mode-for-
internet-explorer-11. aspx
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
   Header set X-UA-Compatible "IE=edge"
   # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
```

# the `X-UA-Compatible` response header should be send only for

```
# HTML documents and not for the other resources.
   ⟨FilesMatch "\.
(appcachel atom) bbaw| bmp| crx| css| curl eot| f4[abpv]| f1v| qeojson| qif| htc| ico| jpe?
glijslijson(1d)?
| m4[av]| manifest| map| mp4| oex| og[agv]| opus| otf| pdf| png| rdf| rss| safariextz| svgz?
|swf|topojson|tt[cf]|txt|vcard|vcf|vtt|webapp|web[mp]|webmanifest|woff2?|xloc|xml|xpi)$">
      Header unset X-UA-Compatible
   </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>
# | Iframes cookies
# Allow cookies to be set from iframes in Internet Explorer.
# https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms537343.aspx
# http://www.w3.org/TR/2000/CR-P3P-20001215/
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set P3P "policyref=\"/w3c/p3p.xml\", CP=\"IDC DSP COR ADM DEVi TAIi PSA PSD
IVAI IVDI CONI HIS OUR IND CNT\""
# </IfModule>
# MEDIA TYPES AND CHARACTER ENCODINGS
# -----
# | Media types
```

```
# https://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/media-types.xhtml
```

# Serve resources with the proper media types (f.k.a. MIME types).

# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod\_mime.html#addtype

## # Data interchange

AddTupe application/atom+xml atom AddType application/json json map topojson AddType application/ld+json jsonld. AddType application/rss+xml rss AddTupe application/vnd.geo+json geojsoni AddType application/xml rdf xml # JavaScript # Normalize to standard type. # https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2 AddType application/javascript js, # Manifest files webmanifest AddType application/manifest+json AddType application/x-web-app-manifest+json webapp. AddTupe text/cache-manifest appoache # Media files AddTupe audio/mp4 f4a f4b m4a AddType audio/ogg oga ogg opus AddType image/bmp pwb. AddType image/svg+xml svg svgz AddType image/webp webp AddType video/mp4 f4v f4p m4v mp4 AddType video/ogg οgν AddTupe video/webm webm AddTupe video/x-flv flv. # Serving `.ico` image files with a different media type # prevents Internet Explorer from displaying then as images: # https://github.com/h5bp/html5boilerplate/commit/37b5fec090d00f38de64b591bcddcb205aadf8ee

## # Web fonts

```
AddType application/font-woff
                                                     woff
   AddType application/font-woff2
                                                     woff2
   AddType application/vnd.ms-fontobject
                                                     eot
   # Browsers usually ignore the font media types and simply sniff
   # the bytes to figure out the font type.
   # https://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/#matching-a-font-type-pattern
   # However, Blink and WebKit based browsers will show a warning
   # in the console if the following font tupes are served with any
   # other media types.
   AddType application/x-font-ttf
                                                     ttc ttf
   AddType font/opentype
                                                     otf
  # Other
   AddType application/octet-stream
                                                     safariextz
   AddType application/x-bb-appworld
                                                     bbaw
   AddType application/x-chrome-extension
                                                     crx
   AddTupe application/x-opera-extension
                                                     oex
   AddTupe application/x-xpinstall
                                                     xpi
   AddType text/vcard
                                                     voard vof
   AddType text/vnd.rim.location.xloc
                                                     xloc
   AddType text/vtt
                                                     vtt.
   AddType text/x-component
                                                     htc
</IfModule>
 ______
# | Character encodings
# Serve all resources labeled as `text/html` or `text/plain`
# with the media type `charset` parameter set to `UTF-8`.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#adddefaultcharset
```

```
# Serve the following file types with the media type `charset`
# parameter set to `UTF-8`.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_mime.html#addcharset
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
   AddCharset utf-8 .atom \
                .bba⊎ \
                .css \
                .geojson∖
                .js∖
                .json∖
                .jsonld \
                .manifest \
               .rdf \
                .rss \
                .topojson∖
                .vtt \
                .webapp \
                .webmanifest \
                .xloc \
                . \times m1
</IfModule>
# # REWRITES
_____
# / Rewrite engine
# (1) Turn on the rewrite engine (this is necessary in order for
    the `RewriteRule` directives to work).
    https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_rewrite.html#RewriteEngine
# (2) Enable the `FollowSumLinks` option if it isn't alreadu.
```

```
#
      https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#options
# (3) If your web host doesn't allow the `FollowSymlinks` option,
      you need to comment it out or remove it, and then uncomment
      the `Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch` line (4), but be aware
      of the performance impact.
      https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/misc/perf-tuning.html#symlinks
# (4) Some cloud hosting services will require you set `RewriteBase`.
      https://www.rackspace.com/knowledge_center/frequently-asked-question/why-is-
modrewrite-not-working-on-my-site
      https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_rewrite.html#rewritebase
# (5) Depending on how your server is set up, you may also need to
      use the `RewriteOptions` directive to enable some options for
      the rewrite engine.
      https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_rewrite.html#rewriteoptions
# (6) Set %(ENV:PROTO) variable, to allow rewrites to redirect with the
      appropriate schema automatically (http or https).
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    # (1)
    RewriteEngine On
    # (2)
    Options +FollowSymlinks
    # (3)
    # Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch
    # (4)
    # RewriteBase /
    \# (5)
    # PeuriteOntions Zontions>
```

```
ж көшітсеррітінің хорітоны
```

```
# (6)
   RewriteCond %(HTTPS) =on
    RewriteRule ^ - [env=proto:https]
    RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
    RewriteRule ^ – [env=proto:http]
</IfModule>
# | Forcing `https://`
# Redirect from the `http://` to the `https://` version of the URL.
# https://wiki.apache.org/httpd/RewriteHTTPToHTTPS
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteEngine On
    RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
    RewriteRule ^(.*)$ https://%CHTTP_HOST}/$1 [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>
 I Suppressing / Forcing the `www.` at the beginning of URLs
# The same content should never be available under two different
# URLs, especially not with and without `www.` at the beginning.
# This can cause SEO problems (duplicate content), and therefore,
# you should choose one of the alternatives and redirect the other
# one.
# By default `Option 1` (no `www.`) is activated.
# http://no-www.org/faq.php?q=class_b
# If you would prefer to use `Option 2`, just comment out all the
# lines from `Option 1` and uncomment the ones from `Option 2`.
# (!) NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!
```

```
# Option 1: rewrite www.example.com → example.com
<IfModule mod rewrite.c>
   RewriteEnaine On
   RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
   RewriteCond %(HTTP HOST) ^www\.(.+)$ [NC]
   RewriteRule ^ %(ENV: PROTO)://%1%(REQUEST_URI) [R=301,L]
# Option 2: rewrite example.com → www.example.com
# Be aware that the following might not be a good idea if you use "real"
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.
# <IfModule mod rewrite.c>
     RewriteEngine On
    RewriteCond %(HTTPS) !=on
     RewriteCond %(HTTP HOST) ! ^www\. [NC]
     RewriteCond %(SERVER ADDR) !=127.0.0.1
     RewriteCond %(SERVER ADDR) !=::1
     RewriteRule ^ %CENV: PROTO): //www. %CHTTP_HOST) %CREQUEST_URI) [R=301, L]
# </IfModule>
# # SECURITY
 # Protect website against clickjacking.
# The example below sends the `X-Frame-Options` response header with
# the value `DENY`, informing browsers not to display the content of
# the web page in any frame.
```

```
# This might not be the best setting for everyone. You should read
# about the other two possible values the `X-Frame-Options` header
# field can have: `SAMEORIGIN` and `ALLOW-FROM`.
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034#section-2.1.
# Keep in mind that while you could send the `X-Frame-Options` header
# for all of your website's pages, this has the potential downside that
# it forbids even non-malicious framing of your content (e.g.: when
# users visit your website using a Google Image Search results page).
# Nonetheless, you should ensure that you send the `X—Frame—Options`
# header for all pages that allow a user to make a state changing
# operation (e.g: pages that contain one-click purchase links, checkout
# or bank-transfer confirmation pages, pages that make permanent
# configuration changes, etc.).
# Sending the `X-Frame-Options` header can also protect your website
# against more than just clickjacking attacks:
# https://cure53.de/xfo-clickjacking.pdf.
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7034
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2010/03/30/combating-clickjacking-with-x-
frame-options, aspx
# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Clickjacking
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
      Header set X-Frame-Options "DENY"
      # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
#
      # the `X—Frame—Options` response header should be send only for
      # HTML documents and not for the other resources.
#
      <FilesMatch "\.
(appeachel atom) bbawl bmpl crxl cssl curl eotl f4[abpv]| f1vl geojson| gifl htclicoljpe?
al isl ison(1d)?
l m4[av]l mani festl mapl mp4l oexl og[agv]l opusl otfl pdfl pngl rdfl rssl safari extzl svgz?
| swf| topojson| tt[cf]| txt| yeard| yef| ytt| webapp| web[mp]| webmanifest| woff2?| xloc| xml| xpi)$">
          Header unset X-Frame-Options
      </FilesMatch>
```

```
# </IfModule>
# | Content Security Policy (CSP)
# Mitigate the risk of cross-site scripting and other content-injection
# attacks.
# This can be done by setting a `Content Security Policy` which
# whitelists trusted sources of content for your website.
# The example header below allows ONLY scripts that are loaded from
# the current website's origin (no inline scripts, no CDN, etc).
# That almost certainly won't work as—is for your website!
# To make things easier, you can use an online CSP header generator
# such as: http://cspisawesome.com/.
# http://content-security-policy.com/
# http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/content-security-policy/
# http://www.w3.org/TR/CSP11/).
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#
      Header set Content-Security-Policy "script-src 'self'; object-src 'self'"
      # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
      # the `Content-Security-Policy` response header should be send
      # only for HTML documents and not for the other resources.
      <FilesMatch "\.
(appcachel atom) bbawl bmpl crxl cssl curl eotl f4[abpv]| f1vl geojsonl gifl htcl icol jpe?
gl jsl json(1d)?
l m4Eav]l manifestl mapl mp4l oexl ogEagv]l opusl otfl pdfl pngl rdfl rssl safariextzl svgz?
| swf| topojson| tt[cf]| txt| yeard| yef| ytt| webapp| web[mp]| webmanifest| woff2?| xloc| xml| xpi)$">
          Header unset Content-Security-Policy
      </FilesMatch>
```

# </IfModule>

```
# Block access to directories without a default document.
# You should leave the following uncommented, as you shouldn't allow
# anyone to surf through every directory on your server (which may
# includes rather private places such as the CMS's directories).
<IfModule mod_autoindex.c>
    Options -Indexes
# Block access to all hidden files and directories with the exception of
# the visible content from within the `/.well-known/` hidden directory.
# These types of files usually contain user preferences or the preserved
# state of an utility, and can include rather private places like, for
# example, the `.qit` or `.svn` directories.
# The `/.well-known/` directory represents the standard (RFC 5785) path
# prefix for "well-known locations" (e.g.: `/.well-known/manifest.json`,
# `/.well-known/keybase.txt`), and therefore, access to its visible
# content should not be blocked.
# https://www.mnot.net/blog/2010/04/07/well-known
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5785
<IfModule mod rewrite.c>
    RewriteEngine On
    RewriteCond %CREQUEST_URI> "!(^|/)\.well-known/([^./]+./?)+$" [NC]
    RewriteCond %(SCRIPT_FILENAME) -d [OR]
    RewriteCond %(SCRIPT FILENAME) -f
    RewriteRule "(^|/)\." - [F]
</IfModule>
```

```
# Block access to files that can expose sensitive information.
# By default, block access to backup and source files that may be
# left by some text editors and can pose a security risk when anyone
# has access to them.
# http://feross.org/cmsploit/
# (!) Update the `<FilesMatch>` regular expression from below to
# include any files that might end up on your production server and
# can expose sensitive information about your website. These files may
# include: configuration files, files that contain metadata about the
# project (e.g.: project dependencies), build scripts, etc..
<FilesMatch "(^#. *#| \.(bak| conf| dist| fla| in[ci]| log| psd| sh| sql| sw[op])| ")$">
   # Apache < 2.3
   <IfModule ! mod_authz_core. c>
       Order allow, deny
       Deny from all
       Satisfy All
   </IfModule>
   # Apache ≥ 2.3
   <IfModule mod_authz_core.c>
       Require all denied
   </IfModule>
</FilesMatch>
 ______
# | HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS)
# Force client-side SSL redirection.
# If a user types `example.com` in their browser, even if the server
# redirects them to the secure version of the website, that still leaves
# a window of opportunity (the initial HTTP connection) for an attacker
# to downgrade or redirect the request.
#
```

```
# The following header ensures that browser will ONLY connect to your
# server via HTTPS, regardless of what the users type in the browser's
 address bar.
# (!) Remove the `includeSubDomains` optional directive if the website's
# subdomains are not using HTTPS.
# http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/transport-layer-security/
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-websec-strict-transport-sec-14#section-6.1
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2014/08/18/hsts-strict-transport-security-
attacks-mitigations-deployment-https.aspx
# <IfModule mod headers, c>
      Header always set Strict-Transport-Security "max-age=16070400; includeSubDomains"
# </IfModule>
# | Reducing MIME type security risks
# Prevent some browsers from MIME-sniffing the response.
# This reduces exposure to drive-by download attacks and cross-origin
# data leaks, and should be left uncommented, especially if the server
# is serving user-uploaded content or content that could potentially be
# treated as executable by the browser.
# http://www.slideshare.net/hasegawayosuke/owasp-hasegawa
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-v-comprehensive-
protection, aspx
# https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ie/gg622941.aspx
# https://mimesniff.spec.whatwg.org/
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set X-Content-Type-Options "nosniff"

# | Reflected Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) attacks
```

```
# (1) Try to re-enable the cross-site scripting (XSS) filter built
      into most web browsers.
#
      The filter is usually enabled by default, but in some cases it
#
      may be disabled by the user. However, in Internet Explorer for
#
      example, it can be re-enabled just by sending the
      `X-XSS-Protection` header with the value of `1`.
#
#
# (2) Prevent web browsers from rendering the web page if a potential
      reflected (a.k.a non-persistent) XSS attack is detected by the
#
      filter.
#
#
      By default, if the filter is enabled and browsers detect a
#
      reflected XSS attack, they will attempt to block the attack
#
      by making the smallest possible modifications to the returned
#
      web page.
#
      Unfortunately, in some browsers (e.g.: Internet Explorer),
#
      this default behavior may allow the XSS filter to be exploited,
#
      thereby, it's better to inform browsers to prevent the rendering
#
#
      of the page altogether, instead of attempting to modify it.
#
      https://hackademix.net/2009/11/21/ies-xss-filter-creates-xss-vulnerabilities
#
# (!) Do not rely on the XSS filter to prevent XSS attacks! Ensure that
      you are taking all possible measures to prevent XSS attacks, the
#
      most obvious being: validating and sanitizing your website's inputs.
#
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ie/archive/2008/07/02/ie8-security-part-iv-the-xss-filter.aspx
# http://blogs.msdn.com/b/ieinternals/archive/2011/01/31/controlling-the-internet-
explorer-xss-filter-with-the-x-xss-protection-http-header, aspx
# https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Cross-site_Scripting_%28%SS%29
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
                                (1)
                                       (2)
    Header set X-XSS-Protection "1: mode=block"
    # `mod_headers` cannot match based on the content-type, however,
    # the `X-XSS-Protection` response header should be send only for
```

# HTML documents and not for the other resources.

```
⟨FilesMatch "\.
(appcachel atoml bbawl bmpl crxl cssl curl eotl f4[abpv]| f1vl geojson| gif| htclicol jpe?
gl jsl json(1d)?
| m4[av]| manifest| map| mp4| oex| og[agv]| opus| otf| pdf| png| rdf| rss| safariextz| svgz?
|swf|topojson|tt[cf]|txt|vcard|vcf|vtt|webapp|web[mp]|webmanifest|woff2?|xloc|xml|xpi)$">
       Header unset X-XSS-Protection
   </FilesMatch>
# | Server-side technology information
  ______
 Remove the `X-Powered-By` response header that:
  * is set by some frameworks and server-side languages
    (e.g.: ASP.NET, PHP), and its value contains information
    about them (e.g.: their name, version number)
  * doesn't provide any value as far as users are concern,
    and in some cases, the information provided by it can
    be used by attackers
#
# (!) If you can, you should disable the `X-Powered-By` header from the
# language / framework level (e.g.: for PHP, you can do that by setting
# `expose_php = off` in `php.ini`)
# https://php.net/manual/en/ini.core.php#ini.expose-php
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
   Header unset X-Powered-By
I Server software information
# Prevent Apache from adding a trailing footer line containing
```

information about the server to the server-generated documents

```
# (e.g.: error messages, directory listings, etc.)
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#serversignature
ServerSignature Off
# Prevent Apache from sending in the `Server` response header its
# exact version number, the description of the generic OS-type or
# information about its compiled—in modules.
# (!) The `ServerTokens` directive will only work in the main server
# configuration file, so don't try to enable it in the `.htaccess` file!
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#servertokens
#ServerTokens Prod
# # WEB PERFORMANCE
 / Compression
<IfModule mod_deflate.c>
   # Force compression for mangled `Accept-Encoding` request headers
   # https://developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ydn/pushing-beyond-gzipping-25601.html
   <IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
       <IfModule mod_headers.c>
          SetEnvIfNoCase ^(Accept-EncodXngl X-cept-Encodingl X{15}| ~{15}| -{15})$
^((gzipl deflate)\s*, ?\s*)+l[X"-]{4,13}$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
          RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip,deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-Encoding
       </IfModule>
   </IfModule>
```

```
# Compress all output labeled with one of the following media types.
# (!) For Apache versions below version 2.3.7 you don't need to
# enable `mod_filter` and can remove the `<IfModule mod_filter.c>`
# and `</IfModule>` lines as `AddOutputFilterByType` is still in
# the core directives.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_filter.html#addoutputfilterbytype
<IfModule mod filter.c>
   AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE "application/atom+xml" \
                                  "application/javascript" \
                                  "application/json" \
                                  "application/ld+json" \
                                  "application/manifest+json" \
                                  "application/rdf+xml" \
                                  "application/rss+xml" \
                                  "application/schema+json" \
                                  "application/vnd.geo+json" \
                                  "application/vnd.ms-fontobject" \
                                  "application/x-font-ttf" \
                                  "application/x-javascript" \
                                  "application/x-web-app-manifest+json" \
                                  "application/xhtml+xml" \
                                  "application/xml" \
                                  "font/eot" \
                                  "font/opentype" \
                                  "image/bmp" \
                                  "image/svg+xml" \
                                  "image/vnd.microsoft.icon" \
                                  "image/x-icon" \
                                  "text/cache-manifest" \
                                  "text/css" \
                                  "text/html" \
                                  "text/javascript" \
                                  "text/plain" \
                                  "text/voard" \
                                  "text/vnd.rim.location.xloc" \
                                  "text/vtt" \
```

```
"text/x-cross-domain-policy" \
                                   "text/xml"
   # Map the following filename extensions to the specified
   # encoding type in order to make Apache serve the file types
   # with the appropriate `Content-Encoding` response header
   # (do note that this will NOT make Apache compress them!).
   # If these files types would be served without an appropriate
   # `Content-Enable` response header, client applications (e.g.:
   # browsers) wouldn't know that they first need to uncompress
   # the response, and thus, wouldn't be able to understand the
   # content.
   # https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_mime.html#addencoding
   <IfModule mod_mime.c>
       AddEncoding gzip
                                   svgz
   </If Module>
</IfModule>
# / Content transformation
 _____
# Prevent intermediate caches or proxies (e.g.: such as the ones
# used by mobile network providers) from modifying the website's
# content.
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2616#section-14.9.5
# (!) If you are using `mod_pagespeed`, please note that setting
# the `Cache-Control: no-transform` response header will prevent
 `PageSpeed` from rewriting `HTML` files, and, if the
 `ModPagespeedDisableRewriteOnNoTransform` directive isn't set
```

"text/x-component" \

```
# to `off`, also from rewriting other resources.
# https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/module/configuration#notransform
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header merge Cache-Control "no-transform"
# </IfModule>
 ______
______
# Remove `ETags` as resources are sent with far-future expires headers.
# https://developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags
# https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7232#section-2.3
# `FileETag None` doesn't work in all cases.
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
   Header unset ETag
FileETag None
 ______
# Serve resources with far-future expires headers.
# (!) If you don't control versioning with filename-based
# cache busting, you should consider lowering the cache times
# to something like one week.
# https://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/mod_expires.html
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
   ExpiresActive on
   ExpiresDefault
                                             "access plus 1 month"
```

```
"access plus 1 week"
 ExpiresByType text/css
# Data interchange
                                                       "access plus 1 hour"
 ExpiresByType application/atom+xml
                                                       "access plus 1 hour"
 ExpiresByType application/rdf+xml
                                                       "access plus 1 hour"
 ExpiresByType application/rss+xml
 ExpiresByType application/json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
 ExpiresByType application/ld+json
 ExpiresByType application/schema+json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
 ExpiresByType application/vnd.geo+json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
 ExpiresByType application/xml
 ExpiresByType text/xml
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
# Favicon (cannot be renamed!) and cursor images
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
 ExpiresByType image/vnd.microsoft.icon
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
 ExpiresByType image/x-icon
# HTML
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
 ExpiresByType text/html
# JavaScript
 ExpiresByType application/javascript
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
 ExpiresByType application/x-javascript
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
 ExpiresByType text/javascript
# Manifest files
                                                       "access plus 1 week"
 ExpiresByType application/manifest+json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
 ExpiresByType application/x-web-app-manifest+json
                                                       "access plus 0 seconds"
 ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest
# Media files
 ExpiresByType audio/ogg
                                                       "access plus 1 month"
```

```
"access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/bmp
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/gif
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/jpeg
   ExpiresByType image/png
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/svg+xml
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType image/webp
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType video/mp4
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType video/ogg
   ExpiresByType video/webm
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
 # Web fonts
   # Embedded OpenType (EOT)
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType font/eot
   # OpenType
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType font/opentype
   # TrueType
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf
   # Web Open Font Format (WOFF) 1.0
   ExpiresByType application/font-woff
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType application/x-font-woff
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
   ExpiresByType font/woff
   # Web Open Font Format (WOFF) 2.0
   ExpiresByType application/font-woff2
                                                   "access plus 1 month"
 # Other
                                                   "access plus 1 week"
   ExpiresByType text/x-cross-domain-policy
</IfModule>
 ______
# | File concatenation
 _____
```

# Allow concatenation from within specific files.

```
# e.g.:
   If you have the following lines in a file called, for
    example, `main.combined.js`:
        <!--#include file="js/jquery.js" -->
        <!--#include file="js/jquery, timer, js" -->
   Apache will replace those lines with the content of the
#
    specified files.
<IfModule mod_include.c>
    <FilesMatch "\.combined\.js$">
        Options +Includes
        AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES application/javascript \
                                       application/x-javascript \
                                       text/javascript
        SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
    </FilesMatch>
    <FilesMatch "\.combined\.css$">
        Options +Includes
        AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES text/css
        SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
    </FilesMatch>
</If Module>
# | Filename-based cache busting
# If you're not using a build process to manage your filename version
# revving, you might want to consider enabling the following directives
# to route all requests such as `/style.12345.css` to `/style.css`.
# To understand why this is important and even a better solution than
# using something like `*.css?v231`, please see:
# http://www.stevesouders.com/blog/2008/08/23/revving-filenames-dont-use-querystring/
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
      RewriteEngine On
```

# RewriteCond %CREQUEST\_FILENAME>!-f

# RewriteRule  $^{(+)}$ \. (\d+)\. (bmpl cssl curl gifl icol jpe?gl jsl pngl svgz?l webpl webmanifest)\$

\$1. \$3 [L]

# </IfModule>