

```
# Apache configuration file
# httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/quickreference.html

# Note .htaccess files are an overhead, this logic should be in your Apache
# config if possible: httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html

# Techniques in here adapted from all over, including:
#   Kroc Camen: camendesign.com/.htaccess
#   perishablepress.com/press/2006/01/10/stupid-htaccess-tricks/
#   Sample .htaccess file of CMS MODx: modx.com

# -----
# Better website experience for IE users
# -----

# Force the latest IE version, in various cases when it may fall back to IE7 mode
# github.com/rails/rails/commit/123eb25#commitcomment-118920
# Use ChromeFrame if it's installed for a better experience for the poor IE folk

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
  Header set X-UA-Compatible "IE=edge,chrome=1"
  # mod_headers can't match by content-type, but we don't want to send this header on *ever!
  <FilesMatch "\.(appcache|crx|css|eot|gif|htc|icol|jpe?
gl|js|m4a|m4v|manifest|mp4|oex|ogal|oggl|ogv|otf|pdf|png|safariextz|svg|svgz|ttf|vcl|webm|webpl
  Header unset X-UA-Compatible
</FilesMatch>
</IfModule>

# -----
# Cross-domain AJAX requests
# -----

# Serve cross-domain Ajax requests, disabled by default.
# enable-cors.org
# code.google.com/p/html5security/wiki/CrossOriginRequestSecurity

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
# </IfModule>

"
```

```

# -----
# CORS-enabled images (@crossorigin)
# -----

# Send CORS headers if browsers request them; enabled by default for images.
# developer.mozilla.org/en/CORS_Enabled_Image
# blog.chromium.org/2011/07/using-cross-domain-images-in-webgl-and.html
# hacks.mozilla.org/2011/11/using-cors-to-load-webgl-textures-from-cross-domain-images/
# wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Reviews/crossoriginAttribute

<IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
  <IfModule mod_headers.c>
    # mod_headers, y u no match by Content-Type?!
    <FilesMatch "\.(gif|ico|jpe?g|png|svg|svgz|webp)$">
      SetEnvIf Origin ":" IS_CORS
      Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*" env=IS_CORS
    </FilesMatch>
  </IfModule>
</IfModule>

# -----
# Webfont access
# -----

# Allow access from all domains for webfonts.
# Alternatively you could only whitelist your
# subdomains like "subdomain.example.com".

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
  <FilesMatch "\.(eot|font. css|otf|ttc|ttf|woff)$">
    Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
  </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>

# -----
# Proper MIME type for all files
# -----

<IfModule mod_mime.c>

  # JavaScript
  "application/javascript" <= /.*\.js$/

```

*# Normalize to standard type (it's sniffed in IE anyways)*

*# tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2*

AddType application/javascript js jsonp

AddType application/json json

*# Audio*

AddType audio/mp4 m4a f4a f4b

AddType audio/ogg oga ogg

*# Video*

AddType video/mp4 mp4 m4v f4v f4p

AddType video/ogg ogv

AddType video/webm webm

AddType video/x-flv flv

*# SVG*

*# Required for svg webfonts on iPad*

*# twitter.com/FontSquirrel/status/14855840545*

AddType image/svg+xml svg svgz

AddEncoding gzip svgz

*# Webfonts*

AddType application/font-woff woff

AddType application/vnd.ms-fontobject eot

AddType application/x-font-ttf ttf ttc

AddType font/opentype otf

*# Assorted types*

AddType application/octet-stream safariextz

AddType application/x-chrome-extension crx

AddType application/x-opera-extension oex

AddType application/x-shockwave-flash swf

AddType application/x-web-app-manifest+json webapp

AddType application/x-xpinstall xpi

AddType application/xml rss atom xml rdf

AddType image/webp webp

AddType image/x-icon ico

AddType text/cache-manifest appcache manifest

AddType text/vtt vtt

AddType text/x-component htc

AddType text/x-vcard vcf

```

# LESS Support
AddType text/css                                less

</IfModule>

# -----
# Allow concatenation from within specific js and css files
# -----

# e. g. Inside of script.combined.js you could have
# <!--#include file="libs/jquery-1.5.0.min.js" -->
# <!--#include file="plugins/jquery.idletimer.js" -->
# and they would be included into this single file.

# This is not in use in the boilerplate as it stands. You may
# choose to use this technique if you do not have a build process.

#<IfModule mod_include.c>
# <FilesMatch "\.combined\.js$">
#   Options +Includes
#   AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES application/javascript application/json
#   SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
# </FilesMatch>

# <FilesMatch "\.combined\.css$">
#   Options +Includes
#   AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES text/css
#   SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
# </FilesMatch>
#</IfModule>

# -----
# Gzip compression
# -----

<IfModule mod_deflate.c>

# Force deflate for mangled headers developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ydn/posts/2010/12/pushing-bi
<IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
  <IfModule mod_headers.c>

```

```

    SetEnvIfNoCase ^(\Accept-Encoding|X-cept-Encoding|X(15)|^(15)|-(15))$ ^((gzip|deflate)\
(4,13)$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
    RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip,deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-Encoding
</IfModule>
</IfModule>

# Compress all output labeled with one of the following MIME-types
# (for Apache versions below 2.3.7, you don't need to enable `mod_filter`
# and can remove the `<IfModule mod_filter.c>` and `</IfModule>` lines as
# `AddOutputFilterByType` is still in the core directives)
<IfModule mod_filter.c>
    AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/atom+xml \
        application/javascript \
        application/json \
        application/rss+xml \
        application/vnd.ms-fontobject \
        application/x-font-ttf \
        application/xhtml+xml \
        application/xml \
        font/opentype \
        image/svg+xml \
        image/x-icon \
        text/css \
        text/html \
        text/plain \
        text/x-component \
        text/xml

</IfModule>

</IfModule>

# -----
# Expires headers (for better cache control)
# -----

# These are pretty far-future expires headers.
# They assume you control versioning with filename-based cache busting
# Additionally, consider that outdated proxies may miscache
# www.stevesouders.com/blog/2008/08/23/revving-filenames-dont-use-querystring/

# If you don't use filenames to version, lower the CSS and JS to something like

```

```
# "access plus 1 week".

<IfModule mod_expires.c>
    ExpiresActive on

# Perhaps better to whitelist expires rules? Perhaps.
    ExpiresDefault          "access plus 1 month"

# cache, apache needs re-requests in FF 3.6 (thanks Remy "Introducing HTML5")
    ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest "access plus 0 seconds"

# Your document html
    ExpiresByType text/html          "access plus 0 seconds"

# Data
    ExpiresByType application/json   "access plus 0 seconds"
    ExpiresByType application/xml    "access plus 0 seconds"
    ExpiresByType text/xml           "access plus 0 seconds"

# Feed
    ExpiresByType application/atom+xml "access plus 1 hour"
    ExpiresByType application/rss+xml  "access plus 1 hour"

# Favicon (cannot be renamed)
    ExpiresByType image/x-icon       "access plus 1 week"

# Media: images, video, audio
    ExpiresByType audio/ogg           "access plus 1 month"
    ExpiresByType image/gif           "access plus 1 month"
    ExpiresByType image/jpeg          "access plus 1 month"
    ExpiresByType image/png           "access plus 1 month"
    ExpiresByType video/mp4           "access plus 1 month"
    ExpiresByType video/ogg           "access plus 1 month"
    ExpiresByType video/webm          "access plus 1 month"

# HTC files (css3pie)
    ExpiresByType text/x-component    "access plus 1 month"

# Webfonts
    ExpiresByType application/font-woff "access plus 1 month"
    ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject "access plus 1 month"
```

```
ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf      "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType font/opentype              "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/svg+xml             "access plus 1 month"

# CSS and JavaScript

# Maybe 1 year after development has stabilised, but lets wait a bit
# ExpiresByType application/javascript    "access plus 1 year"
# ExpiresByType text/css                  "access plus 1 year"
ExpiresByType application/javascript      "access plus 1 week"
ExpiresByType text/css                     "access plus 1 week"

</IfModule>

# -----
# Prevent mobile network providers from modifying your site
# -----

# The following header prevents modification of your code over 3G on some
# European providers.
# This is the official 'bypass' suggested by O2 in the UK.

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
# Header set Cache-Control "no-transform"
# </IfModule>

# -----
# ETag removal
# -----

# FileETag None is not enough for every server.
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
  Header unset ETag
</IfModule>

# Since we're sending far-future expires, we don't need ETags for
# static content.
# developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags
FileETag None

# -----
```

```
# Stop screen flicker in IE on CSS rollovers
# -----

# The following directives stop screen flicker in IE on CSS rollovers - in
# combination with the "ExpiresByType" rules for images (see above).

# BrowserMatch "MSIE" brokenvary=1
# BrowserMatch "Mozilla/4.[0-9]{2}" brokenvary=1
# BrowserMatch "Opera" !brokenvary
# SetEnvIf brokenvary 1 force-no-vary

# -----
# Set Keep-Alive Header
# -----

# Keep-Alive allows the server to send multiple requests through one
# TCP-connection. Be aware of possible disadvantages of this setting. Turn on
# if you serve a lot of static content.

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set Connection Keep-Alive
# </IfModule>

# -----
# Cookie setting from iframes
# -----

# Allow cookies to be set from iframes (for IE only)
# If needed, specify a path or regex in the Location directive.

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set P3P "policyref=\"/w3c/p3p.xml\", CP=\"IDC DSP COR ADM DEVI TAIi PSA PSD IVAi
OUR IND CNT\""
# </IfModule>

# -----
# Start rewrite engine
# -----

# Turning on the rewrite engine is necessary for the following rules and
# features. FollowSymLinks must be enabled for this to work.
```

```
-----  
  
# Some cloud hosting services require RewriteBase to be set: goo.gl/H0cPM  
# If using the h5bp in a subdirectory, use `RewriteBase /foo` instead where  
# 'foo' is your directory.  
  
# If your web host doesn't allow the FollowSymlinks option, you may need to  
# comment it out and use `Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch`, but be aware of the  
# performance impact: http://goo.gl/Mluzd  
  
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>  
    Options +FollowSymlinks  
# Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch  
    RewriteEngine On  
# RewriteBase /  
  
# Rewrite Rules for YiiPlinth  
    IndexIgnore /*  
  
# Make the web services case insensitive  
    RewriteRule ^(WS|ws)/(.*)$ index.php/WS/$2 [L]  
  
# if a directory or file exists, use it directly, alternatively if we  
# have gotten here and the path doesn't exist, append it to index.php  
# for routing  
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f  
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d  
    RewriteRule ^(.*)\.png$ index.php/image/map [L]  
  
# if a directory or file exists, use it directly, alternatively if we  
# have gotten here and the path doesn't exist, append it to index.php  
# for routing  
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f  
    RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d  
    RewriteRule ^(.*)$ index.php/$1 [L]  
</IfModule>  
  
# -----  
# Suppress or force the "www." at the beginning of URLs  
# -----  
  
# The same content should never be available under two different URLs -
```

```
# THE SAME WORKS SHOULD NEVER BE APPLIED TO BOTH WWW AND NON WWW URLS -  
# especially not with and without "www." at the beginning, since this can cause  
# SEO problems (duplicate content). That's why you should choose one of the  
# alternatives and redirect the other one.
```

```
# By default option 1 (no "www.") is activated.  
# no-www.org/faq.php?q=class_b
```

```
# If you'd prefer to use option 2, just comment out all option 1 lines  
# and uncomment option 2.
```

```
# IMPORTANT: NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!
```

```
# -----
```

```
# Option 1:  
# Rewrite "www.example.com -> example.com".
```

```
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>  
  RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on  
  RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.(.+$) [NC]  
  RewriteRule ^ http://%1%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]  
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----
```

```
# Option 2:  
# Rewrite "example.com -> www.example.com".  
# Be aware that the following rule might not be a good idea if you use "real"  
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.
```

```
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>  
#   RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on  
#   RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\.(.+$) [NC]  
#   RewriteRule ^ http://www.%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]  
# </IfModule>
```

```
# -----
```

```
# Built-in filename-based cache busting
```

```
# -----
```

```
# To implement using the built-in method to serve your files, you can modify
```

```
# If you're not using the build script to manage your filename versioning,  
# you might want to consider enabling this, which will route requests for  
# /css/style.20110203.css to /css/style.css.
```

```
# To understand why this is important and a better idea than all.css?v1231,  
# please refer to the bundled documentation about .htaccess.
```

```
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>  
# RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f  
# RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d  
# RewriteRule ^(\.+)\/(\d+)\/(js|css|png|jpg|gif)$ $1.$3 [L]  
# </IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# Prevent SSL cert warnings  
# -----
```

```
# Rewrite secure requests properly to prevent SSL cert warnings, e.g. prevent  
# https://www.example.com when your cert only allows https://secure.example.com
```

```
# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>  
# RewriteCond %{SERVER_PORT} !^443  
# RewriteRule ^https://example-domain-please-change-me.com%(REQUEST_URI) [R=301,L]  
# </IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# Force client-side SSL redirection  
# -----
```

```
# If a user types "example.com" in her browser, the above rule will redirect her  
# to the secure version of the site. That still leaves a window of opportunity  
# (the initial HTTP connection) for an attacker to downgrade or redirect the  
# request. The following header ensures that browser will only connect to  
# your server via HTTPS, regardless of what users type in the address bar.
```

```
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>  
# Header set Strict-Transport-Security max-age=16070400;  
# </IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# Prevent 404 errors for non-existing redirected folders  
# ..
```

```
# -----  
  
# without -MultiViews, Apache will give a 404 for a rewrite if a folder of the  
# same name does not exist.  
# webmasterworld.com/apache/3808792.htm
```

## Options -MultiViews

```
# -----  
# Custom 404 page  
# -----  
  
# You can add custom pages to handle 500 or 403 pretty easily, if you like.  
# If you are hosting your site in subdirectory, adjust this accordingly  
# e.g. ErrorDocument 404 /subdir/404.html
```

```
ErrorDocument 404 /404.html
```

```
# -----  
# UTF-8 encoding  
# -----
```

```
# Use UTF-8 encoding for anything served text/plain or text/html
```

```
AddDefaultCharset utf-8
```

```
# Force UTF-8 for a number of file formats
```

```
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
```

```
    AddCharset utf-8 .atom .css .js .json .rss .vtt .xml
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# A little more security  
# -----
```

```
# To avoid displaying the exact version number of Apache being used, add the  
# following to httpd.conf (it will not work in .htaccess):
```

```
# ServerTokens Prod
```

```
# "-Indexes" will have Apache block users from browsing folders without a  
# default document Usually you should leave this activated, because you  
# shouldn't allow everybody to surf through every folder on your server (which  
# includes rather private places like CMS system folders).
```

```

<IfModule mod_autoindex.c>
    Options -Indexes
</IfModule>

# Block access to "hidden" directories or files whose names begin with a
# period. This includes directories used by version control systems such as
# Subversion or Git.
<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -d [OR]
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -f
    RewriteRule "(^|/)\." - [F]
</IfModule>

# Block access to backup and source files. These files may be left by some
# text/html editors and pose a great security danger, when anyone can access
# them.
<FilesMatch "(^#. *#| \.(bak|config|dist|fla|inc|ini|log|psd|sh|sql|sw[op])|~)">
    Order allow,deny
    Deny from all
    Satisfy All
</FilesMatch>

# -----
# Content Security Policy
# -----
#
# You can mitigate the risk of cross-site scripting and other content-injection
# attacks by setting a Content Security Policy which whitelists trusted sources
# of content for your site.
#
# The example header below allows only script that loads from the current
# site's origin (no inline script, no CDN, etc). This almost certainly won't
# work as-is for your site. Skim the following article to get all the details
# you'll need to craft a reasonable policy for your site:
#
# http://html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/content-security-policy/
#
# Or read the spec: http://w3.org/TR/CSP
#
#<IfModule mod_headers.c>
# Header set Content-Security-Policy "script-src 'self'; object-src 'self'"

```

```
# # mod_headers can't match by content-type, but we only want to send this
# # header for the page we're trying to protect, not for all of its resources.
# <FilesMatch "\.(appcache|crx|css|eot|gif|htc|ico|jpe?
gl|js|m4a|m4v|manifest|mp4|oex|ogal|oggl|ogvl|otf|pdf|png|safariextz|svg|svgz|ttf|vcl|webm|webp)
#   Header unset Content-Security-Policy
# </FilesMatch>
#</IfModule>

# If your server is not already configured as such, the following directive
# should be uncommented in order to set PHP's register_globals option to OFF.
# This closes a major security hole that is abused by most XSS (cross-site
# scripting) attacks. For more information: http://php.net/register\_globals
#
# IF REGISTER_GLOBALS DIRECTIVE CAUSES 500 INTERNAL SERVER ERRORS:
#
# Your server does not allow PHP directives to be set via .htaccess. In that
# case you must make this change in your php.ini file instead. If you are
# using a commercial web host, contact the administrators for assistance in
# doing this. Not all servers allow local php.ini files, and they should
# include all PHP configurations (not just this one), or you will effectively
# reset everything to PHP defaults. Consult www.php.net for more detailed
# information about setting PHP directives.

# php_flag register_globals Off

# Rename session cookie to something else, than PHPSESSID
# php_value session.name sid

# Disable magic quotes (This feature has been DEPRECATED as of PHP 5.3.0 and REMOVED as of )
php_flag magic_quotes_gpc Off

# Do not show you are using PHP
# Note: Move this line to php.ini since it won't work in .htaccess
# php_flag expose_php Off

# Level of log detail - log all errors
# php_value error_reporting -1

# Write errors to log file
# php_flag log_errors On
```

```
# Do not display errors in browser (production - Off, development - On)
# php_flag display_errors Off

# Do not display startup errors (production - Off, development - On)
# php_flag display_startup_errors Off

# Format errors in plain text
# Note: Leave this setting 'On' for xdebug's var_dump() output
# php_flag html_errors Off

# Show multiple occurrence of error
# php_flag ignore_repeated_errors Off

# Show same errors from different sources
# php_flag ignore_repeated_source Off

# Size limit for error messages
# php_value log_errors_max_len 1024

# Don't precede error with string (doesn't accept empty string, use whitespace if you need)
# php_value error_prepend_string " "

# Don't prepend to error (doesn't accept empty string, use whitespace if you need)
# php_value error_append_string " "

# Increase cookie security
<IfModule mod_php5.c>
    php_value session.cookie_httponly true
</IfModule>
```