

## # Apache Configuration File

# (!) Using `.htaccess` files slows down Apache, therefore, if you have access to the main server config file (usually called `httpd.conf`), you should add this logic there: <http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/howto/htaccess.html>.

```
# #####  
# # CROSS-ORIGIN RESOURCE SHARING (CORS) #  
# #####
```

```
# -----  
# | Cross-domain AJAX requests |  
# -----
```

# Enable cross-origin AJAX requests.  
# <http://code.google.com/p/html5security/wiki/CrossOriginRequestSecurity>  
# <http://enable-cors.org/>

```
# <IfModule mod_headers.c>  
#   Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"   
# </IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# | CORS-enabled images |  
# -----
```

# Send the CORS header for images when browsers request it.  
# [https://developer.mozilla.org/en/CORS\\_Enabled\\_Image](https://developer.mozilla.org/en/CORS_Enabled_Image)  
# <http://blog.chromium.org/2011/07/using-cross-domain-images-in-webgl-and.html>  
# <http://hacks.mozilla.org/2011/11/using-cors-to-load-webgl-textures-from-cross-domain-images/>

```
<IfModule mod_setenvif.c>  
  <IfModule mod_headers.c>  
    <FilesMatch "\.(gif|ico|jpe?g|png|svg|svgz|webp)$">  
      SetEnvIf Origin ":" IS_CORS  
      Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*" env=IS_CORS  
    </FilesMatch>  
  </IfModule>  
</IfModule>
```

```

# -----
# | Web fonts access |
# -----

# Allow access from all domains for web fonts

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    <FilesMatch "\.(eot|font\.css|otf|ttc|ttf|woff)$">
        Header set Access-Control-Allow-Origin "*"
    </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>

# #####
# # ERRORS #
# #####

# -----
# | 404 error prevention for non-existing redirected folders |
# -----

# Prevent Apache from returning a 404 error for a rewrite if a directory
# with the same name does not exist.
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/content-negotiation.html#multiviews
# http://www.webmasterworld.com/apache/3808792.htm

Options -MultiViews

# -----
# | Custom error messages / pages |
# -----

# You can customize what Apache returns to the client in case of an error (see
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/mod/core.html#errordocument), e.g.:
```

**ErrorDocument 404 /404.html**

```

# #####
# # INTERNET EXPLORER #
# #####

# -----
# | Internet Explorer 6 compatibility mode |
# -----

```

```

# | Better website experience |
# -----

# Force IE to render pages in the highest available mode in the various
# cases when it may not: http://hsivonen.iki.fi/doctype/ie-mode.pdf.

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header set X-UA-Compatible "IE=edge"
    # `mod_headers` can't match based on the content-type, however, we only
    # want to send this header for HTML pages and not for the other resources
    <FilesMatch "\.(appcache|crx|css|eot|gif|html|ico|jpe?
gl|jsl|m4a|m4v|manifest|mp4|oex|ogal|oggl|ogv|otf|pdf|png|safariextz|svg|svgz|tfl|vcl|webapp|wet
    Header unset X-UA-Compatible
    </FilesMatch>
</IfModule>

# -----

# | Cookie setting from iframes |
# -----

# Allow cookies to be set from iframes in IE.

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set P3P "policyref=\"/w3c/p3p.xml\", CP=\"IDC DSP COR ADM DEVI TAIi PSA PSD IVAi
CNTV\""
# </IfModule>

# -----

# | Screen flicker |
# -----

# Stop screen flicker in IE on CSS rollovers (this only works in
# combination with the `ExpiresByType` directives for images from below).

# BrowserMatch "MSIE" brokenvary=1
# BrowserMatch "Mozilla/4.[0-9]{2}" brokenvary=1
# BrowserMatch "Opera" !brokenvary
# SetEnvIf brokenvary 1 force-no-vary

# #####
# # MIME TYPES AND ENCODING #

```

```
# #####  
  
# -----  
# | Proper MIME types for all files |  
# -----  
  
<IfModule mod_mime.c>  
  
# Audio  
AddType audio/mp4 m4a f4a f4b  
AddType audio/ogg oga ogg  
  
# JavaScript  
# Normalize to standard type (it's sniffed in IE anyways):  
# http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4329#section-7.2  
AddType application/javascript js jsonp  
AddType application/json json  
  
# Video  
AddType video/mp4 mp4 m4v f4v f4p  
AddType video/ogg ogv  
AddType video/webm webm  
AddType video/x-flv flv  
  
# Web fonts  
AddType application/font-woff woff  
AddType application/vnd.ms-fontobject eot  
  
# Browsers usually ignore the font MIME types and sniff the content,  
# however, Chrome shows a warning if other MIME types are used for the  
# following fonts.  
AddType application/x-font-ttf ttc ttf  
AddType font/opentype otf  
  
# Make SVGZ fonts work on iPad:  
# https://twitter.com/FontSquirrel/status/14855840545  
AddType image/svg+xml svg svgz  
AddEncoding gzip svgz  
  
# Other  
AddType application/octet-stream safariextz
```

```
AddType application/x-chrome-extension crx
AddType application/x-opera-extension oex
AddType application/x-shockwave-flash swf
AddType application/x-web-app-manifest+json webapp
AddType application/x-xpinstall xpi
AddType application/xml atom rdf rss xml
AddType image/webp webp
AddType image/x-icon ico
AddType text/cache-manifest appcache manifest
AddType text/vtt vtt
AddType text/x-component htc
AddType text/x-vcard vcf
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----
# | UTF-8 encoding |
# -----
```

```
# Use UTF-8 encoding for anything served as `text/html` or `text/plain`.
```

```
AddDefaultCharset utf-8
```

```
# Force UTF-8 for certain file formats.
```

```
<IfModule mod_mime.c>
```

```
    AddCharset utf-8 .atom .css .js .json .rss .vtt .webapp .xml
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# #####
# # URL REWRITES #
# #####
```

```
# -----
# | Rewrite engine |
# -----
```

```
# Turning on the rewrite engine and enabling the `FollowSymLinks` option is
# necessary for the following directives to work.
```

```
# If your web host doesn't allow the `FollowSymLinks` option, you may need to
# comment it out and use `Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch` but, be aware of the
# performance impact: http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/misc/perf-tuning.html#symlinks
```

```
# Also, some cloud hosting services require `RewriteBase` to be set:
# http://www.rackspace.com/knowledge_center/frequently-asked-question/why-is-mod-rewrite-not-working

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    Options +FollowSymlinks
    # Options +SymLinksIfOwnerMatch
    RewriteEngine On
    # RewriteBase /
</IfModule>

# -----
# | Rewrite engine |
# -----

# Redirect api requests
# SSLProxyEngine On is required in apache conf

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    # send all requests for /api/* to local node server
    RewriteRule ^api/(.*)$ https://127.0.0.1:3001/$1 [P,L]
</IfModule>

# Redirect socket.io requests
# SSLProxyEngine On is required in apache conf

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    # send all requests for /socket.io/* to local node server
    # requires mod_proxy_wstunnel otherwise client will fall back to AJAX method
    RewriteRule ^socket.io/(.*)$ ws://127.0.0.1:3001/$1 [P,L]
</IfModule>

# -----
# | Suppressing / Forcing the "www." at the beginning of URLs |
# -----

# The same content should never be available under two different URLs especially
# not with and without "www." at the beginning. This can cause SEO problems
# (duplicate content), therefore, you should choose one of the alternatives and
# redirect the other one.
```

```
# By default option 1 (no "www.") is activated:
# http://no-www.org/faq.php?q=class_b

# If you'd prefer to use option 2, just comment out all the lines from option 1
# and uncomment the ones from option 2.

# IMPORTANT: NEVER USE BOTH RULES AT THE SAME TIME!

# -----

# Option 1: rewrite www.example.com → example.com

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
    RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} ^www\.(.+$) [NC]
    RewriteRule ^ http://%1%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
</IfModule>

# -----

# Option 2: rewrite example.com → www.example.com

# Be aware that the following might not be a good idea if you use "real"
# subdomains for certain parts of your website.

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
#     RewriteCond %{HTTP_HOST} !^www\..+$ [NC]
#     RewriteRule ^ http://www.%{HTTP_HOST}%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

# #####
# # SECURITY #
# #####

# -----
# | Content Security Policy (CSP) |
# -----

# You can mitigate the risk of cross-site scripting and other content-injection
# attacks by setting a Content Security Policy which whitelists trusted sources
```

```

# of content for your site.

# The example header below allows ONLY scripts that are loaded from the current
# site's origin (no inline scripts, no CDN, etc). This almost certainly won't
# work as-is for your site!

# To get all the details you'll need to craft a reasonable policy for your site,
# read: http://html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/content-security-policy (or
# see the specification: http://w3.org/TR/CSP).

<IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set Content-Security-Policy "script-src 'self'; object-src 'self'"
#   <FilesMatch "\.(appcache|crx|css|eot|gif|html|ico|jpe?
gl|js|m4a|m4v|manifest|mp4|oex|ogal|ogg|ogv|otf|pdf|png|safariextz|svg|svgz|ttf|vcf|webapp|wel
#       Header unset Content-Security-Policy
#   </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | File access |
# -----

# Block access to directories without a default document.
# Usually you should leave this uncommented because you shouldn't allow anyone
# to surf through every directory on your server (which may includes rather
# private places like the CMS's directories).

<IfModule mod_autoindex.c>
    Options -Indexes
</IfModule>

# -----

# Block access to hidden files and directories.
# This includes directories used by version control systems such as Git and SVN.

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -d [OR]
    RewriteCond %{SCRIPT_FILENAME} -f
    RewriteRule "(^|/)\." - [F]
</IfModule>

```



```

-----
# -----

# Block access to backup and source files.
# These files may be left by some text editors and can pose a great security
# danger when anyone has access to them.

<FilesMatch "(^#.#|\. (bak| config| dist| fl| incl| ini| log| psd| sh| sql| sw[op])| \")$" >
    Order allow,deny
    Deny from all
    Satisfy All
</FilesMatch>

# -----
# | Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) |
# -----

# Rewrite secure requests properly to prevent SSL certificate warnings, e.g.:
# prevent `https://www.example.com` when your certificate only allows
# `https://secure.example.com`.

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteCond %{SERVER_PORT} !^443
#     RewriteRule ^ https://example-domain-please-change-me.com%{REQUEST_URI} [R=301,L]
# </IfModule>

<IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
    RewriteCond %{HTTPS} !=on
    RewriteRule ^.*$ https://%(SERVER_NAME)%{REQUEST_URI} [R,L]
</IfModule>

# -----

# Force client-side SSL redirection.

# If a user types "example.com" in his browser, the above rule will redirect him
# to the secure version of the site. That still leaves a window of opportunity
# (the initial HTTP connection) for an attacker to downgrade or redirect the
# request. The following header ensures that browser will ONLY connect to your
# server via HTTPS, regardless of what the users type in the address bar.
# http://www.html5rocks.com/en/tutorials/security/transport-layer-security/

```

```
# http://www.muhimbi.com/Articles/IIS7-Server-Software-Update.aspx?Category=Server-Software
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>  
    Header set Strict-Transport-Security max-age=16070400;  
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----  
# | Server software information |  
# -----
```

```
# Avoid displaying the exact Apache version number, the description of the  
# generic OS-type and the information about Apache's compiled-in modules.
```

```
# ADD THIS DIRECTIVE IN THE `httpd.conf` AS IT WILL NOT WORK IN THE `.htaccess`!
```

```
# ServerTokens Prod
```

```
# #####  
# # WEB PERFORMANCE #  
# #####
```

```
# -----  
# | Compression |  
# -----
```

```
<IfModule mod_deflate.c>
```

```
    # Force compression for mangled headers.  
    # http://developer.yahoo.com/blogs/ydn/posts/2010/12/pushing-beyond-gzipping
```

```
    <IfModule mod_setenvif.c>
```

```
        <IfModule mod_headers.c>
```

```
            SetEnvIfNoCase ^(\Accept-Encoding|X-cept-Encoding|X(15)|^(15)|-(15))$ ^(gzip,deflate,13)$ HAVE_Accept-Encoding
```

```
            RequestHeader append Accept-Encoding "gzip, deflate" env=HAVE_Accept-Encoding
```

```
        </IfModule>
```

```
    </IfModule>
```

```
    # Compress all output labeled with one of the following MIME-types  
    # (for Apache versions below 2.3.7, you don't need to enable `mod_filter`  
    # and can remove the `<IfModule mod_filter.c>` and `</IfModule>` lines  
    # as `AddOutputFilterByType` is still in the core directives).
```

```
    # AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE text/css text/javascript text/xml
```

```
<!--MODULE mod_filter.c-->
```

```
    AddOutputFilterByType DEFLATE application/atom+xml \
                                application/javascript \
                                application/json \
                                application/rss+xml \
                                application/vnd.ms-fontobject \
                                application/x-font-ttf \
                                application/x-web-app-manifest+json \
                                application/xhtml+xml \
                                application/xml \
                                font/opentype \
                                image/svg+xml \
                                image/x-icon \
                                text/css \
                                text/html \
                                text/plain \
                                text/x-component \
                                text/xml
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
</IfModule>
```

```
# -----
# | Content transformations |
# -----
```

```
# Prevent some of the mobile network providers from modifying the content of
# your site: http://www.w3.org/Protocols/rfc2616/rfc2616-sec14.html#sec14.9.5.
```

```
# <!--IfModule mod_headers.c-->
#   Header set Cache-Control "no-transform"
# </IfModule-->
```

```
# -----
# | ETag removal |
# -----
```

```
# Since we're sending far-future expires headers (see below), ETags can
# be removed: http://developer.yahoo.com/performance/rules.html#etags.
```

```
# `FileETag None` is not enough for every server.
```

```
<IfModule mod_headers.c>
    Header unset ETag
</IfModule>
```

FileETag None

```
# -----
# | Expires headers (for better cache control) |
# -----
```

```
# The following expires headers are set pretty far in the future. If you don't
# control versioning with filename-based cache busting, consider lowering the
# cache time for resources like CSS and JS to something like 1 week.
```

```
<IfModule mod_expires.c>
```

```
    ExpiresActive on
    ExpiresDefault "access plus 1 month"
```

```
# CSS
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/css "access plus 1 year"
```

```
# Data interchange
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/json "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/xml "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/xml "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
# Favicon (cannot be renamed!)
```

```
    ExpiresByType image/x-icon "access plus 1 week"
```

```
# HTML components (HTCs)
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/x-component "access plus 1 month"
```

```
# HTML
```

```
    ExpiresByType text/html "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```
# JavaScript
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/javascript "access plus 1 year"
```

```
# Manifest files
```

```
    ExpiresByType application/x-web-app-manifest+json "access plus 0 seconds"
```

```

ExpiresByType text/cache-manifest                "access plus 0 seconds"

# Media
ExpiresByType audio/ogg                          "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/gif                          "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/jpeg                        "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/png                         "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/mp4                         "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/ogg                         "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType video/webm                       "access plus 1 month"

# Web feeds
ExpiresByType application/atom+xml              "access plus 1 hour"
ExpiresByType application/rss+xml               "access plus 1 hour"

# Web fonts
ExpiresByType application/font-woff             "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/vnd.ms-fontobject    "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType application/x-font-ttf           "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType font/opentype                    "access plus 1 month"
ExpiresByType image/svg+xml                    "access plus 1 month"

</IfModule>

# -----
# | Filename-based cache busting |
# -----

# If you're not using a build process to manage your filename version revving,
# you might want to consider enabling the following directives to route all
# requests such as "/css/style.12345.css" to "/css/style.css".

# To understand why this is important and a better idea than *.css?v231, read:
# http://stevesouder.com/blog/2008/08/23/revving-filenames-dont-use-querystring

# <IfModule mod_rewrite.c>
#     RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-f
#     RewriteCond %{REQUEST_FILENAME} !-d
#     RewriteRule ^(.+)\.(\d+)\. (js|css|png|jpg|gif)$ $1. $3 [L]
# </IfModule>

```

```
# -----
# | File concatenation |
# -----

# Allow concatenation from within specific CSS and JS files, e.g.:
# Inside of `script.combined.js` you could have
# <!--#include file="libs/jquery.js" -->
# <!--#include file="plugins/jquery.idletimer.js" -->
# and they would be included into this single file.

# <IfModule mod_include.c>
#   <FilesMatch "\.combined\.js$">
#     Options +Includes
#     AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES application/javascript application/json
#     SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
#   </FilesMatch>
#   <FilesMatch "\.combined\.css$">
#     Options +Includes
#     AddOutputFilterByType INCLUDES text/css
#     SetOutputFilter INCLUDES
#   </FilesMatch>
# </IfModule>

# -----
# | Persistent connections |
# -----

# Allow multiple requests to be sent over the same TCP connection:
# http://httpd.apache.org/docs/current/en/mod/core.html#keepalive.

# Enable if you serve a lot of static content but, be aware of the
# possible disadvantages!

# <IfModule mod_headers.c>
#   Header set Connection Keep-Alive
# </IfModule>
```